

AGENDA

DALY RIVER LOCAL AUTHORITY MEETING
WEDNESDAY, 9 MARCH 2022
12:30PM
VDRC BOARDROOM LOT 124

VICTORIA DALY REGIONAL COUNCIL DISCLAIMER

No responsibility is implied or accepted by the Victoria Daly Regional Council for any act, omission or statement or intimation occurring during Council or committee meetings.

The Victoria Daly Regional Council disclaims any liability for any loss whatsoever and howsoever caused arising out of reliance by any person or legal entity on any such act, omission or statement or intimation occurring during Council or committee meetings.

Any person or legal entity who acts or fails to act in reliance upon any statement, act or omission made in a Council or committee meeting does so at that person's or legal entity's own risk.

In particular and without detracting in any way from the broad disclaimer above, in any discussion regarding any planning application or application for a licence, any statement or intimation of approval made by any member or officer of the Victoria Daly Regional Council during the Course of any meeting is not intended to be and is not taken as notice of approval from the Victoria Daly Regional Council.

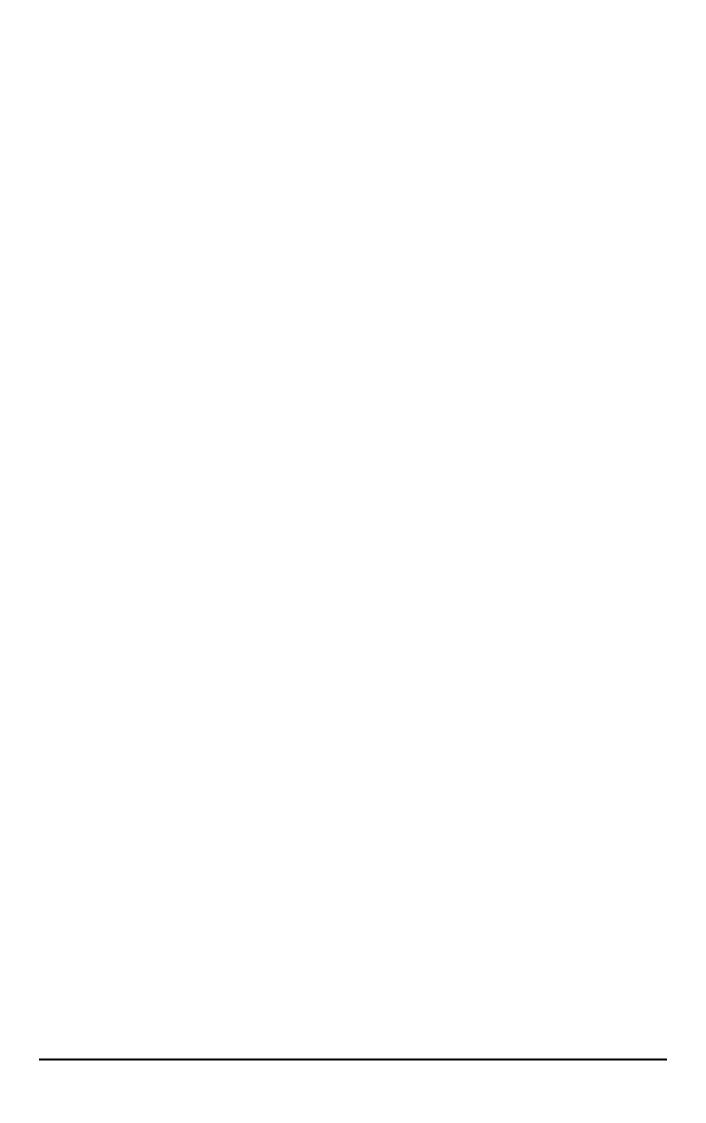
The Victoria Daly Regional Council advises that anyone who has any application lodged with the Victoria Daly Regional Council shall obtain and should only rely on **WRITTEN CONFIRMATION** of the outcome of the application, and any conditions attaching to the decision made by the Victoria Daly Regional Council in respect of the application.

Russell Anderson

Chief Executive Officer

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	MEET	ING OPENING		
	1.1	Declaration of the Chair		
2	WELC	OME		
3	ATTENDANCE AND APOLOGIES			
	3.1	Attendance		
	3.2	Apologies / Absentees		
4	DISCL	OSURE OF INTEREST		
5	RESIGNATIONS, TERMINATIONS AND NOMINATIONS			
	5.1	Resignations		
	5.2	Terminations		
	5.3	Nominations		
6	CALL	FOR ITEMS OF GENERAL BUSINESS		
7	INVIT	ATION FOR DEPUTATIONS TO PRESENT/SPEAK		
8	CONF	IRMATION OF PREVIOUS MINUTES		
	Daly River Local Authority - 3 November 202168			
9	BUSINESS ARISING FROM PREVIOUS MINUTES			
	9.1 Po	ol Shade Cover (resolution 2106-135)		
10	INCO	MING AND OUTGOING CORRESPONDENCE		
11	REPORTS			
	11.1	Local Authority Reports		
	11.1.1	Electing a Chairperson5		
	11.1.2	Local Authority Resources6		
	11.2	Finance Reports		
	11.2.1	Daly River Local Authority Financial Report		
		Council Service Manager's Reports		
	11.3.1	Nauiyu Community Report64		
	11.4	Governance Reports		
12	QUESTIONS FROM THE PUBLIC			
13	GENERAL BUSINESS			
14	CLOSED SESSION			
15	NEXT MEETING - WEDNESDAY 4 MAY 2022			
16	MEETING CLOSED			





VICTORIA DALY REGIONAL COUNCIL DALY RIVER LOCAL AUTHORITY OF 09 MARCH 2022 Report for Agenda Item No 11.1.1

Electing a Chairperson Prepared by Michelle Will, Manager of Executive Services

BACKGROUND

The Chairperson of the Daly River Local Authority is a position that requires dedication and passion. The Chairperson is entitled to an increased sitting fee amount. Chairperson duties include:

- Checking there is a guorum
- Declaring the meeting open and closed
- Receiving and noting apologies
- Working with the CEO or Council staff to set the agenda
- Announcing agenda items
- Keeping the meeting on track

POLICY IMPLICATIONS

Local Authority Policy (LGP026)

2.4.11 Each local authority must appoint a Chairperson for a period of no less than six (6) months and no more than twelve (12) months by resolution of the local authority.

BUDGET IMPLICATIONS

Eligible members of local authorities are entitled to the respective local authority payment for each local authority meeting or provisional meeting they attend:

- (a) for an eligible chairperson 143 revenue units;
- (b) for other eligible members 107 revenue units.

COUNCIL OFFICER CONFLICT OF INTEREST DECLARATION

We the Author and Approving Officer declare we do not have a conflict of interest in relation to this matter.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. That the Daly River Local Authority nominates a Chairperson for a period of:
 - A. Six (6) months
 - B. Twelve (12) months
- 2. That the Daly River Local Authority undertake a secret ballot for the position of Chairperson and Deputy Chairperson
- 3. That the Daly River Local Authority appoint [enter name] as Chairperson for a period of [enter period]
- 4. That the Daly River Local Authority appoint [enter name] as Deputy Chairperson for a period of [enter period]

Attachments



VICTORIA DALY REGIONAL COUNCIL DALY RIVER LOCAL AUTHORITY OF 09 MARCH 2022 Report for Agenda Item No 11.1.2

Local Authority Resources Prepared by Michelle Will, Manager of Executive Services

PURPOSE

To provide members with relevant Northern Territory Government and Council resources to fulfil their roles and responsibilities as a local authority member.

Resources attached:

- Ministerial Guideline 1 Local Authorities
- Code of Conduct Schedule 1
- Breach of Code of Conduct Policy (LGP007)
- VDRC Local Authority Policy (LGP026)
- Local Authority Project Funding Guidelines
- R17 Local Authorities under the new Act July 2021
- R18 Sections on Local Authorities July 2021
- Victoria Daly Strategic Plan 2020-2024

Resources available online:

- 2021-22 Regional Plan https://www.victoriadaly.nt.gov.au/plans-and-reports/regional-plans/
- Local Government Act 2019, Regulations, Guidelines and other resources https://cmc.nt.gov.au/supporting-government/local-government/local-government-act-2019

COUNCIL OFFICER CONFLICT OF INTEREST DECLARATION

We the Author and Approving Officer declare we do not have a conflict of interest in relation to this matter.

RECOMMENDATIONS

That the Daly River Local Authority:

A. Receive and note this report.

Attachments

- 1. guideline-1-local-authorities.pdf
- 2. Schedule 1 Code of conduct (8).pdf
- 3 LGP007 Breach of Code of Conduct.pdf
- 4. LGP026 Local Authority Policy.pdf
- 5 local-authority-project-funding-guidelines.pdf
- R17 Local Authorities under the new Act July 2021.pdf
- 7. R18 Sections on Local Authorities July 2021.pdf
- 8 Victoria Daly Strategic Plan 2020-2024.pdf

Contents

1	Title	.2
2	Commencement	2
3	Definitions	.2
4	Establishing and maintaining local authorities	2
5	Administrative support	2
6	Local authority members	.2
7	Policy for appointments and resignations	.3
8	Minimum number of meetings	3
9	Meeting rules	3
10	Local authority payments	
11	Local authority meetings	4
12	Provisional meetings	5
13	Consideration of minutes	5
14	Reporting	5
15	Transitional matters	6
Sche	edule	.7

Guideline 1: Local Authorities

LOCAL GOVERNMENT GUIDELINE NO. 1

Local Government Act 2019

Making of Guideline

I, Chanston James Paech, Minister for Local Government, under section 342 of the *Local Government Act 2019*, hereby make this Guideline for the purposes of the Act.

Minister for Local Government

23/ 6/2021

Page 1 of 7 Guideline 1: Local authorities

1 Title

1.1 This Guideline is titled Guideline 1: Local Authorities.

2 Commencement

2.1 This Guideline commences on the day on which section 342 of the Local Government Act 2019 commences.

3 Definitions

For the purposes of this Guideline:

Act means the Local Government Act 2019.

council means a council for a region.

member means a local authority member.

provisional decision means a decision, by majority vote, made by the members at a provisional meeting (see clause 12.5).

provisional meeting means, at the time and place set for a local authority meeting when a quorum has not been established, at least one third of members are present and agree to hold a meeting (see clause 12.1).

4 Establishing and maintaining local authorities

- 4.1 A council must establish and maintain the local authorities for the council listed in the Schedule to this Guideline.
- 4.2 A council must determine the area for each of its local authorities.

5 Administrative support

- 5.1 The CEO (or the CEO's delegate) is responsible for ensuring that each of the council's local authorities are provided with sufficient administrative support.
- 5.2 Council staff providing administrative support to meetings may, only at the request of a member, give informed advice during a meeting.

Note for clause 5.2

Council staff may, through the chairperson, provide information of an administrative or operational nature at any time to support meeting processes.

6 Local authority members

6.1 A council must decide, by council resolution, the number of members for each local authority. There must be at least 6 members and a maximum of 14 members for each local authority, unless the Minister approves a different maximum number of members for a particular local authority. Different local authorities of a council may have different numbers of members.

Note for clause 6.1

Section 77 of the Act covers specific requirements for the constitution (membership) of a local authority.

- 6.2 A council may appoint a person to be a member if they have a sufficient connection to the community or communities in the local authority's area.
- 6.3 A council must keep a register, accessible on the council's website and at the council's public office, of the following information in relation to each member of a local authority:
 - (a) the member's name;

Page 2 of 7

Guideline 1: Local authorities

- (b) the date of appointment;
- (c) the local authority the member represents;
- (d) whether the member is a council member or otherwise a community member;
- (e) the date of the cessation of the member's membership (if applicable).

7 Policy for appointments and resignations

- 7.1 A council must have a policy for its local authorities that provides for the following:
 - the CEO calling for nominations as soon as practicable after a vacancy arises and allowing at least 21 days for nominations to be received;
 - (b) how the call for nominations is to be advertised and promoted so that residents of the local authority area know about it, know who to give a nomination to and when nominations close;
 - consideration of the nominations received which must be an item of business at the first ordinary meeting of the council after nominations close;
 - (d) the selection process and the term of appointment of the chairperson;
 - (e) the process for the resignation of a member in writing;
 - how, and in what circumstances, appointment of a member may be revoked or otherwise cease.

Example for clause 7.1(f)

The policy may state that the council will consider revoking an appointment where a member is absent, without permission of the local authority, from two consecutive local authority meetings.

8 Minimum number of meetings

- 8.1 The CEO must ensure that at least 4 meetings for each local authority are held in a financial year.
- 8.2 Provisional meetings may be counted to satisfy the minimum number of meetings.

9 Meeting rules

- 9.1 Members of each local authority must appoint the chairperson of the local authority for a specified period.
- 9.2 If a member is unable to attend a meeting, the member cannot send a proxy or substitute to attend the meeting in the place of the member.

10 Local authority payments

- 10.1 Council members and council staff are not eligible to a local authority payment in relation to attending local authority meetings or provisional meetings.
- 10.2 Eligible members of local authorities are entitled to the respective local authority payment for each local authority meeting or provisional meeting they attend:
 - (a) for an eligible chairperson 143 revenue units;
 - (b) for other eligible members 107 revenue units.
- 10.3 In calculating a local authority payment, the amount must be rounded down to the nearest dollar.

Page 3 of 7 Guideline 1: Local authorities

Notes for clause 10

- 1 Subject to the Act and council policy, council members may be entitled to claim within the extra meeting allowance for attending a local authority meeting or provisional meeting.
- 2 Council may adopt a policy providing that members (including those members who are council members) are entitled to payment or reimbursement of reasonable expenses.
- 3 For local authority meetings, it is a matter for the CEO to apply the policy for payments and reimbursements for council staff in accordance with section 174(2) of the Act.
- 4 The value of a revenue unit for the relevant financial year is available on the Territory Revenue Office webpage.

11 Local authority meetings

- 11.1 The agenda for local authority meetings must be prepared in consultation with the chairperson of the local authority and include the following:
 - (a) any declarations of conflicts of interest by members;
 - (b) items requested by members;
 - (c) any reports on service delivery issues in the local authority area;
 - (d) any responses from the council to matters raised at a previous local authority meeting or provisional meeting;
 - (e) a written report from the CEO (or the CEO's delegate) on current council services in the local authority area;
 - after a council meeting that has considered local authority projects a written report from the CEO (or the CEO's delegate) on what projects have been approved or the reasons why projects have not been approved;
 - (g) a current financial report for the local authority area (see clause 14.1);
 - (h) visitor presentations;
 - (i) any relevant petitions affecting the local authority area;
 - general business.
- 11.2 Once in each financial year, a local authority agenda must include a review of:
 - (a) the council's annual report for the previous financial year; and
 - (b) the council's proposed regional plan for the next financial year; and
 - the council's budget for proposed projects for the local authority area for the next financial year; and
 - (d) any relevant community plan of the council or local authority.
- 11.3 A local authority can confirm the minutes of a provisional meeting. Confirmation of the minutes does not amount to ratification under clause 11.5.

Note for clause 11.3

A local authority must, at its next meeting, confirm the minutes (with or without amendment) as a correct record of the meeting (see section 101(3) of the Act).

- 11.4 The minutes of a local authority meeting must number, date and reference each decision in such a way to identify it as a decision of the local authority (as opposed to a provisional decision – see clause 12.6).
- A local authority can ratify a provisional decision at a subsequent local authority meeting, and if it chooses to do so, it becomes a decision of the local authority.

Page 4 of 7

Guideline 1: Local authorities

Notes for clause 11

- 1 Section 97(3) of the Act requires that notice convening a local authority meeting, which includes the agenda, must be publicly available on the council's website and at the council's public office.
- 2 Section 102(2) of the Act requires that a copy of local authority minutes must be publicly available on the council's website and at the council's public office within 10 business days after the date of the meeting.

12 Provisional meetings

12.1 If there is no quorum for a local authority meeting, but one third of total members are present, the members who are present may hold a provisional meeting.

Example for clause 12.1

If there are 9 total members of a local authority and 6 members are unable to attend, the 3 members who are present may agree to hold a provisional meeting.

- 12.2 A provisional meeting does not have the powers or functions that the council may have delegated to the local authority.
- **12.3** During a provisional meeting, all agenda items may be discussed. Minutes must be taken and the minutes must clearly state that it was a provisional meeting.
- 12.4 Members at a provisional meeting can confirm the minutes of a previous provisional meeting. However, members at a provisional meeting cannot confirm the minutes of a previous local authority meeting.
- 12.5 Members at a provisional meeting may, by majority vote, make recommendations to the council, provided any such recommendations are qualified as being a decision of the members at a provisional meeting (provisional decision).
- 12.6 The minutes of a provisional meeting must number, date and reference each decision in such a way to identify it as a provisional decision.
- 12.7 A copy of the minutes from provisional meetings must, within 10 business days after the date of the meeting, be available to the public on the council's website and at the council's public office.

13 Consideration of minutes

Minutes from provisional meetings (whether unconfirmed or confirmed) must be tabled at the next ordinary meeting of the council and included in the agenda.

Note for clause 13.1

Sections 101(4) and 101(5) of the Act have an equivalent requirement for local authority meetings.

- 13.2 Any items for attention raised in the minutes of a local authority meeting or provisional meeting must be considered by the council at the next ordinary meeting.
- 13.3 The council's response to the minutes from provisional meetings must be recorded in the minutes of the meeting of the council.

Note for clause 13.3

Section 101(5) of the Act has an equivalent requirement for local authority meetings.

14 Reporting

14.1 For each local authority meeting (or provisional meeting, if applicable), the council must submit to the local authority a current financial report of actual results against the latest approved budget for the local authority area.

Page 5 of 7 Guideline 1: Local authorities

14.2 The council must report back to the local authority on its response to the provisional meeting minutes (see clause 13.3).

Note for clause 14.2

Section 101(6) of the Act has an equivalent requirement for local authority meetings.

14.3 It is best practice for a council to reference local authority decision numbers or provisional decision numbers (as the case requires) in the council's regional plan and annual report in relation to local authority priorities, projects and activities.

Note for clause 14.3

Refer to sections 34(1)(c) and 291(1)(b)(ii) of the Act for relevant legislative requirements.

15 Transitional matters

15.1 A council must establish a register of information in relation to each member of a local authority under clause 6.3 not later than 12 months after the commencement.

> Page 6 of 7 Guideline 1: Local authorities

Schedule

Local authorities to be established and maintained by councils:

Barkly Regional Council:

- Ali Curung
- 2. Alupurrurulam
- Ampilatwatja
- 4. Arlparra
- Elliott
- Tennant Creek
- Wutunugurra (Epenarra)

Central Desert Regional Council:

- Anmatjere (Nturiya, Pmara Jutunta, Wilora, Ti Tree)
- 9. Atitjere
- Engawala
- 11. Lajamanu
- 12. Laramba
- Nyirripi
- 14. Willowra
- 15. Yuelamu
- 16. Yuendumu

East Arnhem Regional Council:

- 17. Angurugu
- 18. Galiwin'ku
- 19. Gapuwiyak
- 20. Gunyangara
- 21. Milingimbi
- 22. Milyakburra
- 23. Ramingining
- 24. Umbakumba
- 25. Yirrkala

MacDonnell Regional Council:

- Amoonguna
- 27. Areyonga
- 28. Finke (Aputula)
- Haasts Bluff (lkuntji)
- 30. Hermannsburg (Ntaria)
- 31. Imanpa
- 32. Kaltukatjara (Docker River)
- 33. Kintore (Walungurru)
- Mt Liebig (Amundurrngu)
- Papunya
- Santa Teresa (Ltyentye Apurte)
- 37. Titjikala
- 38. Wallace Rockhole

Roper Gulf Regional Council:

- Barunga
- 40. Beswick (Wugularr)
- 41. Borroloola
- 42. Bulman
- 43. Jilkminggan
- 44. Manyallaluk (Eva Valley)
- 45. Mataranka
- 46. Minyerri (Hodgson Downs)
- 47. Ngukurr
- 48. Numbulwar
- 49. Robinson River
- 50. Urapunga

Tiwi Islands Regional Council:

- 51. Milikapiti
- 52. Pirlangimpi
- 53. Wurrumiyanga (Nguiu)

Victoria Daly Regional Council:

- 54. Amanbidji
- 55. Bulla
- 56. Kalkaringi / Dagaragu
- Nauiyu (Daly River)
- 58. Pine Creek
- 59. Timber Creek
- 60. Yarralin / Pigeon Hole

West Arnhem Regional Council:

- 61. Gunbalanya (Oenpelli)
- 62. Maningrida
- 63. Minjilang
- 64. Warruwi

West Daly Regional Council:

- 65. Nganmarriyanga
- 66. Peppimenarti
- 67. Wadeye

Page 7 of 7 Guideline 1: Local authorities

Schedule 1 Code of conduct

section 119

1 Honesty and integrity

A member must act honestly and with integrity in performing official functions.

2 Care and diligence

A member must act with reasonable care and diligence in performing official functions.

3 Courtesy

A member must act with courtesy towards other members, council staff, electors and members of the public.

4 Prohibition on bullying

A member must not bully another person in the course of performing official functions.

5 Conduct towards council staff

A member must not direct, reprimand, or interfere in the management of, council staff.

6 Respect for cultural diversity and culture

- 6.1 A member must respect cultural diversity and must not therefore discriminate against others, or the opinions of others, on the ground of their cultural background.
- 6.2 A member must act with respect for cultural beliefs and practices in relation to other members, council staff, electors and members of the public.

7 Conflict of interest

- 7.1 A member must avoid any conflict of interest, whether actual or perceived, when undertaking official functions and responsibilities.
- 7.2 If a conflict of interest exists, the member must comply with any statutory obligations of disclosure.

Local Government Act 2019

Schedule 1 Code of conduct

8 Respect for confidences

- 8.1 A member must respect the confidentiality of information obtained in confidence in the member's official capacity.
- 8.2 A member must not make improper use of confidential information obtained in an official capacity to gain a private benefit or to cause harm to another.

9 Gifts

- 9.1 A member must not solicit, encourage or accept gifts or private benefits from any person who might have an interest in obtaining a benefit from the council.
- 9.2 A member must not accept a gift from a person that is given in relation to the person's interest in obtaining a benefit from the council.

10 Accountability

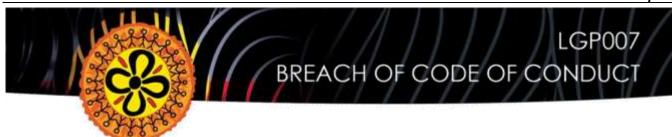
A member must be prepared at all times to account for the member's performance as a member and the member's use of council resources.

11 Interests of municipality, region or shire to be paramount

- 11.1 A member must act in what the member genuinely believes to be the best interests of the municipality, region or shire.
- 11.2 In particular, a member must seek to ensure that the member's decisions and actions are based on an honest, reasonable and properly informed judgment about what best advances the best interests of the municipality, region or shire.

12 Training

A member must undertake relevant training in good faith.



1.0 SUMMARY

1.1 Purpose

This policy sets out how the Council will manage a complaint in relation to a breach of the Code of Conduct.

1.2 Definitions previous

For the purposes of this policy:

Code of Conduct means the Code of Conduct set out in Schedule 1 of the Act.

Complainant means the person who lodges a Code of Conduct complaint against a council member (this person can be a council member or a member of the public).

Respondent means the council member who is alleged to have breached the Code of Conduct.

1.3 Guiding principles

In managing complaints and contraventions of the Code of Conduct, Council's guiding principles are to:

- a) promote behaviour among all council members that meets the standards set out in the Code of Conduct, with a restorative approach that seeks to focus on constructive outcomes;
- b) emphasise a preference that disputes and allegations be identified and resolved before they escalate to the stage of a formal complaint; and
- c) recognise the leadership role of the Mayor and the responsibility of all members to work together collaboratively pursuant to their corporate responsibilities.

2.0 POLICY STATEMENT

2.1 Promoting appropriate behaviour

The Mayor is to promote behaviour amongst all council members that meets the standards set out in the Code of Conduct.

Any council member aggrieved in relation to a potential Code of Conduct matter should raise the grievance in the first instance with the Mayor to seek a resolution. If the grievance is in relation to the Mayor, the grievance should be raised with the Deputy Mayor.

In response to a potential Code of Conduct complaint matter, the Mayor (or Deputy Mayor) will engage in informal discussions with the affected parties, as appropriate, to seek to resolve the matter.



Attachment 3 - Page 16 of 75-



2.2 Confidentiality

Information regarding a complaint is confidential, including the complaint form, statements from any parties, and reports provided by the CEO regarding the status of a complaint.

Complaints will only be formally discussed by the Council or council panel during confidential sessions. Minutes kept by the Council or a council panel are confidential information in accordance with regulation 49(f) of the Local Government (General) Regulations 2021.

2.3 Complaint requirements

The Act requires that a complaint alleging a breach of a Code of Conduct must:

- a) be in the approved form (available on the council website); and
- b) be made within three (3) months of the alleged breach of the Code of Conduct.

A Code of Conduct complaint must be lodged with the CEO, who will assess whether or not the complaint complies with the above requirements. If it appears that a complaint does not comply with the above requirements, the CEO will notify the complainant of the issues with the form of the complaint as soon as practicable and allow the complainant the opportunity to lodge a revised complaint.

2.4 Notifications to parties

When a complaint is received, the CEO will provide notifications to the complainant and the respondent, in accordance with the requirements of the Act and Local Government (General) Regulations 2021.

The CEO carries out the role of secretariat in relation to a complaint and communicates with complainant, respondent and any relevant witnesses on behalf of the Council or council panel.

2.5 Referral to LGANT

The CEO will refer the matter to LGANT if a complainant council member or respondent has elected to refer the complaint to LGANT under section 124(3) of the Act.

Note: A complainant who is not a council member does not have the option to request referral to LGANT.

2.6 Initial consideration by Council

The CEO will refer the complaint to the Council for consideration in confidential session in the next council meeting, unless the complaint has been referred to LGANT in accordance with clause 8 above.



Attachment 3 - Page 17 of 75-



Before the council meeting, the CEO will establish a list of suitable third parties who do not have a conflict of interest and are willing to accept a referral of the matter (if the council decides to refer the matter).

The CEO will provide a copy of the complaint and any response from the respondent, the list of suitable third parties and a draft terms of reference for Council's consideration.

The complainant, respondent and any council member with a conflict of interest in relation to the complaint are required to leave the meeting room during any discussion, consideration or decision relating to the complaint.

When considering a Code of Conduct complaint, Council has the following three options:

- a) refer the complaint to a third party for advice with Council to decide the complaint (see clause 9.1); or
- b) refer the complaint to a council panel for the panel to decide the complaint (see clause 9.2); or
- c) decide the matter as the Council (see clause 10).

2.6.1 Referral to third party

Council may decide to refer the complaint to an independent third party for advice and recommendations by taking into the consideration the following:

- a) whether the complainant or respondent requested the involvement of a third party;
- b) the costs, if any, of referring the matter to a third party;
- whether the advice of a third party is reasonably expected to assist in achieving constructive outcomes for the parties involved;
- d) whether advice of a third party is reasonably expected to be received and able to be considered by the Council prior to the expiry of the 90 day period.

Council will not refer the matter to a third party unless satisfied of (c) and (d).

Examples of a third party are: an alternative dispute practitioner; a mediator; a person experienced in local government matters; and a person experienced in conflict resolution.

Where the matter is referred to a third party, the terms of reference will include that the third party is to do the following:

- a) consider the complaint and discuss with each of the parties;
- b) explore and follow up avenues for resolution between the parties;
- c) if resolution is not achievable, then the third party is to:
 - (i) ensure natural justice is provided to both parties;
 - (ii) interview any witnesses if necessary to form a view;
 - (iii) provide a written report to Council by a specified date covering the process, summary of evidence, attempts to resolve and recommendation;
 - (iv) provide a draft decision notice that may be used if council decide to adopt the recommendation.



Attachment 3 - Page 18 of 75-



Upon receiving the advice and any recommendations from the third party, provided the Council is satisfied that each party has been able to put their case and respond to any allegations of the other party, the Council will then decide the complaint. The Council is not bound by any advice or recommendations received from the third party.

Once the written report and draft decision notice is provided to the third party, the Council must decide the complaint (see clause 10.2).

2.6.2 Referral to council panel

Council may decide to refer the complaint to a council panel for decision.

In order to fulfil the secretariat role in managing the Code of Conduct complaints process, the CEO will be in attendance at council panel meetings.

If the Council decides to refer the complaint to a council panel, the Council will establish a council panel for the complaint.

The composition of the council panel will be the following:

- a) the Mayor (as chair of the council panel) unless the Mayor is the complainant, respondent or has a conflict of interest;
- b) if the Mayor/President] is the complainant, respondent or has a conflict of interest the Deputy Mayor will be the chair of the council panel.
- c) if neither the Mayor or Deputy Mayor meet the requirements the Council will
 choose a council member who is not the complainant or respondent and does not
 have a conflict of interest to chair the council panel;
- d) two other council members who are not the complainant or respondent and do not have a conflict of interest.

2.7 Council or council panel process

The Council or the council panel will consider the complainant's written complaint and, if received, the respondent's written response to the complaint. In keeping with natural justice principles, the CEO will ensure that each party has a fair opportunity to provide comment on submissions from the other party.

2.7.1 Requests for information

If the Council or council panel requires further information to determine whether a breach of the Code of Conduct occurred, the Council or council panel may request information from the complainant, respondent, or any relevant witnesses. The request for information will specify:

- a) the information that is being sought;
- b) that the information is to be provided as a written statement (including a statutory declaration); and
- c) a reasonable timeframe to receive the statement (between 3 and 14 days).



Attachment 3 - Page 19 of 75-



Any requests for information from council staff members will be appropriately directed and facilitated through the CEO. The Council or council panel will not make direct requests to a council staff member.

2.7.2 Decision

The Council or council panel will decide the complaint after the following steps have been completed:

- a) the members have considered the written complaint;
- b) the members have considered all written submissions and statements; and
- c) the members have read and considered the report from the third party (if applicable).

The Council can make the following decisions:

- a) to take no action (and not make a decision about whether the respondent breached the Code of Conduct);
- b) that the respondent did not breach the Code of Conduct; or
- c) that the respondent breached the Code of Conduct.

If the complainant is found by the Council or council panel to have breached the Code of Conduct, the Council or council panel may decide to:

- a) take no action (for example, if it is evident that appropriate steps have already taken place to address the conduct or the issues has been resolved between the affected parties); or
- b) either or both of the following:
 - (i) issue a reprimand to the respondent (for example, a reprimand may be a formal expression of disapproval in writing in the decision notice);
 - (ii) recommend that the complainant, respondent or any other person attend training, mediation or counselling by a specified date.

In choosing from the above options, preference will be given to the option that the Council or council panel considers most likely to result in a constructive outcome.

If training, mediation or counselling is recommended to a council member, the council member may use their professional development allowance, if available, towards the cost of the training, mediation or counselling.

2.7.3 Decision notice

After the Council or council panel decides the complaint, the CEO will, as soon as practicable, draft a written decision notice that sets out the following matters:

- a) the Council or council panel's decision and the reasons for it; and
- b) any right the person to whom the notice is to be given has, under the Local Government Act 2019 or another Act, to apply for a review of the decision, to apply for a consideration of the matter or to appeal the decision.

LGP007 Breach of Code of Conduct
Page 5 of 7

Attachment 3 - Page 20 of 75-



The draft decision notice is to be electronically provided to the council member who chaired the meeting in which the Council decided the complaint, or if a council panel decided the complaint, to all members of the council panel. The decision notice is to be authorised by the chair or the council panel and may be authorised remotely, if this is more practicable in the circumstances.

Within 90 days of receipt of the complaint was initially received by the CEO, and as soon as practicable after a decision has been authorised by the chair or council panel, the CEO will provide the authorised decision notice to the complainant and the respondent.

The decision notice will set out the decision and the reasons for the decision. It will also state that within 28 days of receiving the notice, either party may apply to LGANT to reconsider the complaint.

2.7.4 Summary of decision

After the expiry of the 28 day appeal period, the CEO will seek advice from LGANT as to whether any of the parties have applied to LGANT for consideration of the complaint under section 126(3) of the Act.

If no parties have applied to LGANT for consideration of the complaint, the CEO will prepare a summary of the decision to be reviewed by the Council or council panel in the confidential session of the next meeting of the Council or council panel.

The summary of the decision is to set out the following information:

- a) the names of the complainant and respondent;
- b) the date of the decision;
- c) a concise description of the conduct alleged to have been a breach of the Code of Conduct:
- d) if a Code of Conduct was found to be breached the item(s) of the Code of Conduct that the respondent breached; or

e)

- f) if a Code of Conduct was not found to be breached that no breach of the Code of Conduct was established by the Council or council panel; and
- g) any actions or recommendations made by the Council or council panel.

The Council or council panel will consider the summary of the decision and, subject to the Council's or council panel's approval of the information that is to be included, finalise the summary.

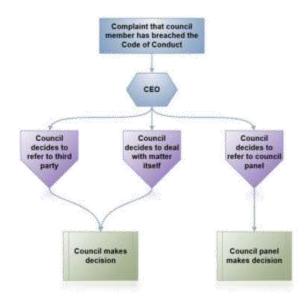


Attachment 3 - Page 21 of 75-



The approved summary is to be tabled in the open section of the next ordinary council meeting as part of Council's public business papers.

2.8 Flowchart



Policy Number	LGP007 Previously 1.03	
Reference	Section 121	
	Local Government Act 2019	
	LGA7.4.2	
Version	1	
Approved by	Council 416/2020	
Adopted Date	27 October 2020	
Revision		
Amendments	30 November 2021- 182/2021	
Next Revision Due	26 October 2024	



Attachment 3 - Page 22 of 75-



1.1 PURPOSE

Local Authorities are governed by the Local Government Act 2019 ('the Act'), Local Government Regulations and Ministerial Guideline 1. The purpose of this policy is to establish the process for appointments, resignations and terminations of Local Authority membership and to provide information on delegations, Local Authority meetings and sitting fees.

1.2 Scope

This policy applies to Victoria Daly Regional Council's Local Authorities.

POLICY STATEMENT

Local Authorities represent the constituents of their communities and are formed to integrate local decision making within the local government sector. This policy guides good governance practices in the appointment, resignation and termination of Local Authority members.

2.1 DELEGATIONS

- 2.1.1 Local Authorities have an advisory role to Council and as such, cannot make any decisions on behalf of Council unless a specific delegation has been issued to the Local Authority via Council resolution.
- 2.1.2 Where Council issues a delegation, that delegation will be made to individual Local Authorities detailing what authority and limitations apply.
- 2.1.3 Council can set different delegations for each of its Local Authorities.
- 2.1.4 Local Authority decisions and recommendations will need endorsement via Council resolution before they can be progressed, except where there is delegated authority.

2.2 Nomination and Appointment

Council is committed to improving community relations and fostering understanding and tolerance between all members of the community. Council encourages community members from all demographic sections of the community to represent their community on the Local Authority.

- 2.2.1 Council will seek nominations from within each community where the Minister has identified a Local Authority.
- 2.2.2 The CEO will call for nominations as soon as practicable after a vacancy arises and will allow for at least twenty one (21) days for nominations to be received.
- 2.2.3 Notice of Local Authority vacancies will be published on Council's website, on Council social media platforms and will be displayed on community notice boards.

LGP026 Local Authority Policy Page 1 of 4





- 2.2.4 The notice of vacancy will include where nomination forms can be accessed, the closing date for nominations and where the nominee can submit the form.
- 2.2.5 Nominations are to be made in writing via the authorised Local Authority nomination form, available on Council's website here https://www.victoriadaly.nt.gov.au/local-authorities/ or at any Council office.
- 2.2.6 Nominations to fill a vacancy within a Local Authority will only be accepted from a permanent resident of a Ward in which the Local Authority has been established.
- 2.2.7 Nominations to fill a vacancy within a Local Authority will be discussed at the next Local Authority meeting, and a recommendation to fill the vacancy submitted to Council for consideration at the next Ordinary Council meeting, unless the Local Authority membership has been rescinded in which case nominations would be considered by Council only.
- 2.2.8 The minimum age to become a Local Authority member is fifteen (15) years.
- 2.2.9 Following an election Council may rescind Local Authority membership and call for nominations by resolution of Council.
- 2.2.10 Filling of vacancies within three (3) months of a local government general election year are to occur after the declaration of the incoming Council.
- 2.2.11 All Local Authority nominations are considered by Council at the first ordinary meeting of Council after nominations close and appointment is established by resolution of Council.
- 2.2.12 Members will be appointed for a term not exceeding four (4) years.
- 2.2.13 VDRC staff members at the level of Team Leader and above are not permitted to hold a position on a Local Authority (Council resolution [190/2021])
- 2.2.14 All nominees must comply with the Northern Territory Chief Health Officer orders and must be willing to present their proof of Covid-19 vaccination.

2.3 Resignation and Termination

- 2.3.1 Resignations are to be made in writing to the Council Operations Manager of the Ward in which the Local Authority is established.
- 2.3.2 In accordance with Section 7.1(f) of the Ministerial Guideline 1, the membership of an appointed Local Authority member may be revoked by Council where the member is absent without permission of the Local Authority from two consecutive meetings.
- 2.3.3 If an apology is received from a Local Authority member, it must be noted in the minutes of the Local Authority meeting and must be accepted or rejected by the Local Authority at the meeting.
- 2.3.4 Membership shall be revoked by resolution of Council where a member ceases to permanently reside within the Ward in which the Local Authority has been established.
- 2.3.5 All Local Authority resignations are noted by Council at the next Ordinary meeting following receipt of the resignation.

LGP026 Local Authority Policy Page **2** of **4**



Attachment 4



2.4 Local Authority Meetings

- 2.4.1 A quorum at a meeting of a Local Authority consists of a majority of its members holding Office at the time of the meeting.
- 2.4.2 If a quorum is not attained for a Local Authority meeting, but one third of total members are present, the members who are in attendance may hold a provisional meeting (refer to Ministerial Guideline 1 for more information https://cmc.nt.gov.au/)
- 2.4.3 The elected member for the Ward in which the Local Authority is established is considered to be counted in the quorum and is eligible to vote.
- 2.4.4 In accordance with Section 97 of the Act meetings of a Local Authority are convened by the CEO.
- 2.4.5 Each Local Authority will meet at least four (4) times annually as per schedule set by the CEO.
- 2.4.6 The Council Operations Manager in each community will provide secretarial and executive support.
- 2.4.7 Local Authority meetings must allow for attendance via audiovisual conferencing for members, staff and guests who are unable to attend the meeting in person.
- 2.4.8 The agenda for the Local Authority meeting must be submitted to regional office and will be published on Council's website at least three (3) business days before the meeting.
- 2.4.9 The unconfirmed minutes of the Local Authority meeting must be sent to regional office within ten (10) business days and will be published on Council's website and included in the agenda for the next ordinary meeting.
- 2.4.10 Council will consider all recommendations and will respond to the Local Authority at the subsequent meeting.
- 2.4.11 Each Local Authority must appoint a Chairperson for a period of no less than six (6) months and no more than twelve (12) months by resolution of the Local Authority.
- 2.4.12 It is up to each Local Authority to decide if they wish to appoint a Deputy Chairperson.
- 2.4.13 Each Local Authority member must consider if they have a conflict of interest in the matter and if they do, they must leave the meeting while the matter is being considered.

2.5 Local Authority Project Funding

Local Authorities receive annual funding. The following principles will ensure compliance is met in accordance with funding agreements:

- 2.5.1 Projects chosen must not jeopardise the financial, social or environmental sustainability of Council;
- 2.5.2 ongoing maintenance costs to projects funded with Local Authority special project grants must be considered:
- 2.5.3 projects that need additional funds from Council or rely upon grant applications must go to Council for approval;
- 2.5.4 projects that rely on in-kind support from Council must be related to core services and must have prior approval from the Council;
- 2.5.5 the purchase of any product or service must comply with the Council's Procurement Policy (3.2.11);
- 2.5.6 cash will not be given out under any circumstances.

LGP026 Local Authority Policy Page 3 of 4



Attachment 4



- 2.5.7 Funding should not go to projects that are ordinarily the responsibility of another level of government.
- 2.5.8 Salaries cannot be paid for with this funding.
- 2.5.9 Vehicles cannot be procured with this funding.
- 2.5.10 The use of project funds must be approved at the Local Authority meeting with a quorum.
- 2.5.11 Any real or perceived conflicts of interest must be declared and the member must remove themselves from the meeting before a decision is made when making decisions on use of Local Authority project funding.

2.6 Local Authority sitting fee for Members and Council staff

- 2.6.1 Local Authority member allowance is a sum of money provided to the Local Authority member when a member attends a Local Authority meeting.
- 2.6.2 Council will provide Local Authority member allowance to the member in a manner that adheres to the Local Government Act 2019, Regulations and Ministerial Guideline 1.
- 2.6.3 Members of a Local Authority are eligible to claim kilometre allowance, if having to travel more than 25 kilometers combined to attend a meeting, by completing a Local Authority claim form.
- 2.6.4 Accommodation costs may be paid if the member is required to stay overnight to attend Local Authority business. Prior notification and authorisation by the Council Operations Manager is required.
- 2.6.5 Elected members are not entitled to the sitting fee for attending Local Authority or provisional meetings.
- 2.6.6 In accordance with Section 174(2) of the Act it is a matter for the CEO to determine whether Council staff receive payment for attending a Local Authority meeting or provisional meeting.

Policy Number	LGP026 Replacing 1.1.10 Local Authorities
Reference	Local Government Act 2019
	Ministerial Guideline 1 - Local Authorities
Version	2
Approved by	Council 211/2021
Adopted Date	15 December 2021
Revision	4 years
Amendments	
Next Revision Due	15 December 2025

LGP026 Local Authority Policy Page **4** of **4**



Local Authority Project Funding

Purpose

To encourage the continued development of local authorities and their respective communities through the provision of funding to undertake priority community projects that are in line with these guidelines.

Objectives

The objectives of the program are to:

- Assist in building stronger communities and assist community priority projects as recommended by local authorities.
- To assist local governing bodies and the constituent communities they represent to become stronger and self-sustaining.
- Assist in the provision of quality community infrastructure that facilitates community activity and integration.
- Assist in developing local government capacity to provide legitimate representation, effective governance, improved service delivery and sustainable development.

Funding Pool

The Local Authority Project funding pool is non-application based and is distributed through a methodology developed by the Northern Territory Grants Commission to regional councils.

This funding is only available for those local authorities published in the guidelines made by the Minister under Part 5.1 of the *Local Government Act 2019*.

Local Authority Project Approvals

Individual local authorities must formally resolve each initiative this funding will be used for. A copy of this resolution is to be recorded in the minutes of the relevant local authority meeting.

At each local authority meeting, a report is to be submitted detailing the total amount of funding available and spent on local authority projects under this program in each financial year.

The report is to include details and amount spent on each project of the relevant local authority for which funding has been provided.

NORTHERN TERRITORY GOVERNMENT

Department of the Chief Minister and Cabinet Page 1 of 4

Examples of Acceptable Purposes for Expenditure

- Repairs and maintenance of community assets controlled or owned by the council. For example:
 office upgrades, fencing, solar lighting, road repairs and ablution facilities.
- Acquisition of plant and equipment directly related to local government service delivery. For example:- trailers, garden maintenance equipment such as brush cutters, lawn mowers and pressure cleaners, rubbish bin enclosures /stands.
- Upgrade/enhancement of community sporting facilities. For example upgrade of community ovals, basketball courts and playgrounds, shade structures, picnic areas, seating and park furniture, tree planting and irrigation.
- Festivals or other events but must only be conducted within a council's own Local Authority area.

Employee costs

If council employees are utilised as general labour to assist with approved projects, the value of such labour that can be expensed to the project is a maximum of \$30 per hour. The maximum amount that can be costed to general labour hours is 5% of the total annual local authority funding.

Risk Management

Where funds are to be used for a purpose outside the council's control or on an asset that is not owned or controlled by council, the council should consider the liability and insurance requirements associated with that project. Councils should consider each project on its merit before progressing with the project. All risks associated with the project are to be considered and met by the council. The Department of the Chief Minister and Cabinet will not be held responsible for any liability arising out of the use of these funds.

Pre-conditions

If the proposed project relies on pre-conditions (such as the acquisition of a section 19 lease under the *Aboriginal Land Rights (Northern Territory) Act 1976*), then the project should not be undertaken until there is conclusive evidence that the condition will not hinder the progress of the project for which funds have been allocated.

Examples of Unacceptable Purposes for Expenditure

- Purchase of vehicles and fuel expenses
- · Payment of salaries, cash prizes or recurrent operating costs of council
- Meeting costs and payments to local authority members
- Sponsorship by way of uniforms, travels cost and allowances
- Purposes that are not related to local government services and that should be addressed by another government agency.

Administration and/or project management fees are not to be levied on this grant funding.

DEPARTMENT OF Chief Minister and Cabinet Page 2 of 4

Process for Grant Payment

Once the respective allocations for each local authority have been calculated regional councils will receive a letter of offer and acceptance documentation from the Department of the Chief Minister and Cabinet.

This advice will comprise the total grant amount being offered to the regional council as well as a breakdown of the amount to be made available to each local authority.

Regional councils eligible to receive these grants will need to comply with the following:-

- Ensure that there are no outstanding grant acquittals relevant to this Department's local government grants, otherwise there will be no payment made of approved grant/s
- Return the signed acceptance form back to the Department of the Chief Minister and Cabinet with appropriate authorisation.

These grants will be released around mid-September once the signed acceptance and the previous year's certification reports are received.

Annual Certification

- The grant must be fully expended within two years of receipt of funding. Failure to do so may
 result in the Department of the Chief Minister and Cabinet taking action, including but not limited
 to: withholding further grant payments under this program or requesting unspent funds to be
 repaid.
- Councils are to submit a certified income and expenditure report (financial report) for the year ended 30 June for each of its local authorities.
- The financial report must be completed in the format as required by the Department of the Chief Minister and Cabinet and formally approved by Council. The financial report is to be submitted to the Department of the Chief Minister and Cabinet on or before 31 August in each year. Failure to provide the financial reports by 31 August will results in delays in paying further funds.
- All approved projects are required to be procured in accordance with the Local Government Act 2019 and, as far as practical under the NT Government's Buy Local Plan.
- Requests to carry-over unspent funds remaining after two consecutive years is to be submitted via email to: lg.grants@nt.gov.au. All requests will be considered on a case by case basis and approval is not automatic.

DEPARTMENT OF Chief Minister and Cabinet Page 3 of 4

 The Department of the Chief Minister and Cabinet reserves the right to request the full value of the grant to be returned if the council disposes of an asset acquired with this funding within four years of the payment of the grant.

Contact Details

For further information please contact lg.grants@nt.gov.au or by phone:

Donna Hadfield Manager Grants Program 08 8999 8820 Omor Robin Grants Officer 08 8999 8576 Disclaimer: The Territory makes no representation or warranty as to, and accepts no liability for, the accuracy or correctness of any information and materials (including any interpretation of that information) provided by this document. To the extent permitted by law, the Territory accepts no liability whatsoever in relation to the information and materials contained in this document, or the views expressed in the information and materials, or any use of, or reliance on, such information and materials by any person, Council or other entity.

Resource No. 17

Local Authorities under the new Act

Summary

Local authorities play a vital role in the community by working with councils and ensuring that community interests are considered in council's decision making. The aim of local authorities is to foster positive and constructive working relationships between council and community members.

Community members have the opportunity to raise matters to the local authority – this provides a local forum for the community to have their say and for their voice to be heard.

Some of the key roles of local authorities are to:

- represent the interests of the community or communities within the local authority area to inform and make recommendations to council;
- work with council to provide and develop local projects; and
- exercise powers that are delegated to the local authority by the council.

The Local Government Act 2019 (the Act), which commenced on 1 July 2021, includes changes for local authorities that identify the key functions and relationships between a council for a region and its local authorities.

The Act has new regulations and guidelines. The regulations are the Local Government (General) Regulations 2021 and Local Government (Electoral) Regulations 2021. The guideline relating to local authorities is called 'Guideline 1: Local Authorities'.

Acts are laws that provide broad legal principles. Regulations are laws that provide specific details for an Act. The General Regulations cover, in relation to local authorities:

- · public access to meetings;
- · meeting minutes; and
- access to records (e.g. minutes).

Guidelines are rules and standards made by the Minister for Local Government. Guideline 1 is important as it has a list of all the local authorities in the Northern Territory (see the Schedule). Guideline 1 also creates rules, local authority processes, and how provisional meetings are to operate – as well as what a council must do in terms of reporting to a local authority.

Some of the topics Guideline 1 deals with include:

- appointments and resignations;
- sitting fees; and
- local authority meetings and provisional meetings.



Important rules about local authorities

There are some important rules to remember about local authorities. For extracts of relevant sections in the Act, please refer to Resource No. 18 - Local Authorities.

- The Act requires a council to appoint at least 1 council member (for the ward) to be a local
 authority member for each of its local authorities. There is no limit to the number of
 council members (for that ward) who can be appointed to a local authority (see section 77 of
 the Act).
- The Act requires a council to seek advice and recommendations from its local authorities in relation to the council's budget, priorities for expenditure, service delivery, regional plans, strategic directions, and funding (see section 81 of the Act).
- The Act requires a council to include in their annual report the activities of its local authorities
 for the relevant financial year, such as any local authority projects (see section 291(1) of the
 Act).
- Guideline 1 requires a council to keep an up-to-date register of its local authority members and
 make this available on the council's website and at the council's public office. This allows
 community members to know who are their local authority members (see clause 6.3).
- Guideline 1 requires the council to provide, at each local authority meeting (or provisional meeting), a financial report of the actual results against the latest approved budget for a local authority area. This financial report must also be listed as part of the local authority's agenda items (see clauses 11.1(g) and 14.1).

Questions and Answers

1. What is a 'quorum'?

A quorum is a way of saying that there are enough members present to have a meeting. In the Act, a quorum is reached when a majority of members are present. For example, if there are 9 total members of the local authority, there must be at least 5 members present.

The 'total members' means the number of local authority members appointed by the council to that local authority (and who have not resigned or otherwise ceased to be a member).

2. What is a 'provisional meeting'?

If there is no quorum, the members who are present may agree to hold a meeting if there is at least one third of the total members present. For example, if there are 9 total members of the local authority, there must be at least 3 members present to hold a provisional meeting.

A provisional meeting allows the members who are present to discuss all agenda items. The meeting must clearly identify in the minutes that it was a provisional meeting.

Minimum numbers of members present to hold a provisional meeting		
6 members total = 2 members	10 - 12 members total = 4 members	
7 - 9 members total = 3 members	13 - 14 members total = 5 members	

Department of THE CHIEF MINISTER AND CABINET 20 July 2021 Page 2 of 5

Attachment 6 - Page 32 of 75-

3. What is a provisional decision?

A provisional decision is a decision made by members at a provisional meeting. However, it must be clearly identified that this decision of a provisional meeting, rather than a local authority decision.

A local authority meeting (where quorum has been reached) can choose to ratify ('approve') a provisional decision – this decision then becomes a decision of the local authority:

Provisional decision made at provisional meeting Provisional decision ratified at local authority meeting Decision becomes a decision of the local authority

4. Who is eligible to be a local authority member?

There is a requirement that at least 1 council member be appointed to each local authority. The council member who is appointed must be a member for the ward where the local authority is located. Additionally, members of the community within a local authority area are eligible.

5. Is there a required number of local authority meetings?

Yes, there must be a minimum of 4 local authority meetings held in a financial year. Provisional meetings may be counted to reach this required number of meetings.

6. Can local authorities have a rotating chairperson?

In Guideline 1, councils need to have a policy for local authorities that includes determining the term of the chairperson. If the local authority wants to have different chairpersons throughout the year, it will need to make a decision to appoint each chairperson (and the term of the chairperson) in accordance with the council's policy.

7. How does a local authority raise community issues to the council?

Local authority members needs to work closely with the community to gather feedback and understand issues that affect their community. Members of the community can talk with their local authority member, who then may raise those issues during discussions at local authority meetings. The local authority may then decide to provide advice or recommendations to the council.

For example, if a community wishes to start a new recycling program – this can be raised with the local authority who could make a decision to recommend a recycling project to the council.

8. How do local authorities work with the council?

Some of the ways that local authorities work with the council include:

- · taking the views of local communities back to the council and acting as advocates;
- contributing to the development of the council's regional plan;

Department of THE CHIEF MINISTER AND CABINET 20 July 2021 Page 3 of 5

making recommendations to the council in relation to council's service delivery.

Please refer to sections 78 and 81 of the Act for more information.

9. Do local authorities have decision-making powers?

A council may delegate specific decision-making powers to a local authority. Generally, local authorities provide advice and recommendations on issues affecting the local authority area to the council.

Please note, while local authorities may have powers delegated to it by the council, these powers cannot be exercised at a provisional meeting.

10. What is the role of Council when it has delegated its powers to a local authority?

Where a council has delegated its decision-making power to a local authority, the authority would make the decision on the delegated matter. Council may note the decision made by the local authority.

Please note that the Council can withdraw its delegation of power to a local authority at any time.

11. Do local authority members receive an allowance?

Local authority members (who are not council members) are entitled to a sitting fee for being a local authority member. Council members may be entitled to an extra allowance for attending local authority meetings, in accordance with council's policy. Please refer to Guideline 1.

12. How will residents of a community know who is a local authority member?

The council must keep an up-to-date register (list) of the local authority members for each local authority. This register must be available on council's website and at the council's public office.

13. Does the council have to provide any reports to the local authority?

There are 2 main reporting requirements for a council:

- 1. **Financial reports** the council must provide the local authority with a current financial report of actual results against the latest approved budget for the local authority area.
- Response to meeting minutes council must provide a response to the meeting minutes of a local authority meeting (or provisional meeting).

14. Can a local authority member have a conflict of interest?

Yes, conflict of interests provisions apply to local authority members. Local authority members must declare any conflict of interests at a local authority meeting or to the council CEO. If a local authority member has a conflict of interest, they cannot participate and must leave the room while the matter is being discussed or decided. *Please refer to sections 114 and 115 of the Act.*

Department of THE CHIEF MINISTER AND CABINET 20 July 2021 Page 4 of 5

15. Are local authority meetings open to the public?

Generally, local authority meetings are open to the public and any interested party can attend. Minutes and agendas of a local authority meeting also need to be publically available on the council's website. However, a local authority meeting may be closed from the public if a local authority is considering confidential business.

16. Do I need to resign as a local authority member if I am a candidate for a local government election?

A local member who wishes to run for a local government election does not need to resign.

17. Do I need to resign as a local authority member if I am a candidate for a Legislative Assembly (Territory) election?

If a local authority member wishes to run for a Legislative Assembly election, they will need to resign in writing from being a local authority member before they 'nominate' as a candidate.

For example, a local authority member could announce that they are going to nominate as a candidate and still remain on the local authority. However, they *must resign from the local authority before they lodge their nomination form* with the Electoral Commission.

18. How do I resign if I am a local authority member?

If a local authority member wishes to resign, they must resign, in writing, in accordance with the process set out for resigning in the Council policy for local authorities.

Disclaimer: The Territory makes no representation or warranty as to, and accepts no liability for, the accuracy or correctness of any information and materials (including any interpretation of that information) provided by this document. To the extent permitted by law, the Territory accepts no liability whatsoever in relation to the information and materials contained in this document, or the views expressed in the information and materials by any person, Council or other entity.

Resource No. 18

Local Authorities

Table of provisions in the Local Government Act 2019 and Local Government (General) Regulations 2021

This resource has been developed for reference purposes only.

Please note that this resource <u>does not</u> contain all relevant sections of the *Local Government Act 2019* (the Act), regulations in the *Local Government (General) Regulations* (the Regulations) or content regarding local authorities. T

The actual sections and regulations in the Act and Regulations respectively should be read for a complete picture.

Section	Relevant content
34(1)(b)(i) and (c)	A regional plan must include, or incorporate by reference any long-term, community or strategic plan adopted by the council or a local authority and relevant to the period to which the plan relates. A regional plan must take into account the projects and priorities for the area identified by a local authority or authorities.
38(1)(a)	A council acts through a local authority to whom the council has delegated powers or authorised to act on its behalf.
40(2)(c)	A council may delegate its powers and functions to a local authority.
72(2)	The chief executive of a local government subsidiary must not delegate a power or function under this Act or another Act to a local authority.
76	The Minister may, by <i>Gazette</i> notice, identify a council for a region that must establish and maintain one or more local authorities. A council identified in the <i>Gazette</i> notice must establish and maintain the local authority in accordance with any guidelines that the Minister may make. The Minister may, by <i>Gazette</i> notice, abolish a local authority.
77	Constitution of local authority A local authority consists of: (1) at least one member of the council (who must be a member for the ward in which the local authority is located (and may be the principal member)) appointed by the council by resolution; and (2) such other members of the community or communities within the local authority's area as the council appoints as members of the local authority by resolution, in accordance with any guidelines that the Minister may make. Note: A member of the council's staff is eligible for appointment as a member of a local authority.

Department of THE CHIEF MINISTER AND CABINET 20 July 2021 Page 1 of 12



78	Functions of local authority			
	The functions of a local authority are:			
	 (a) to involve local communities more closely in issues related to local government; and (b) to ensure that local communities are given an opportunity to express their opinions or questions affecting local government; and 			
	 to allow local communities a voice in the formulation of policies for the locality as well as policies for the area and the region; and 			
	 (d) to take the views of local communities back to the council and act as advocates on their behalf; and 			
	(e) to contribute to the development of the relevant regional plan; and			
	(f) to make recommendations to the council in relation to: (i) the council's budget; and			
	(ii) the part of the council's area within which the local authority performs its functions;			
	(g) to perform other functions assigned to the local authority by the Minister, in accordance with any guidelines that the Minister may make.			
79	Limits on functions of local authority			
	A local authority must comply with any guidelines that the Minister may make.			
	A local authority is subject to control and direction by the council, subject to any guidelines that the Minister may make.			
80	Reporting			
	The local authority and the council must provide each other with reports in accordance with any guidelines that the Minister may make.			

81 Council to work with local authority

A council that has established and maintained one or more local authorities must seek advice and recommendations from the local authority or local authorities in relation to the following:

- (i) the council's budget; and
- (ii) the council's priorities for expenditure; and
- (iii) the council's service delivery; and
- (iv) the council's regional plans; and
- (v) the council's strategic directions; and
- (vi) the council's funding.

The council must ensure its strategies and plans are informed by the vision and priorities of the local authority or local authorities.

The council must work with the local authority or local authorities to foster constructive working relationships between the council members and the residents and organisations of the region.

Note

- A council's regional plan must take into account the projects and priorities for the area as identified by a local authority under section 34(1)(c) of the Act.
- The minutes of a meeting of a local authority must form part of the agenda of the next ordinary meeting of the council under section 101(5) of the Act.
- A council's annual report must provide an assessment of the council's performance of service delivery and projects with reference to the advice and recommendations of a local authority or authorities under section 291(1)(g) of the Act.

The local authority is to be allowed access to the council's records as required for the discharge of the local authority members' duties (regulation 61 of the Local Government (General) Regulations 2021).

Regulations 54 of the Local Government (General) Regulations 2021 defines the primary records of a council are:

- the agenda and minutes of meetings of the council, local authorities, local boards and council committees; and
- · minutes of meetings of electors; and
- · the council's by-laws; and
- the council's annual municipal, regional or shire plans (including the council's annual budgets, long-term financial plans and amendments to the council's annual budgets and long-term financial plans); and
- the council's annual reports (including the council's annual financial statements); and
- · the register of annual returns of interests; and
- · the register of declared gifts and benefits; and
- · the register of declared conflicts; and
- the register of all documents executed under the council's common seal, register of correspondence addressed to or sent by the council or its principal member or the register of each council member; and
- any other documents necessary for an understanding of the council's policies and operations.

Department of THE CHIEF MINISTER AND CABINET 20 July 2021 Page 3 of 12

96(2) Subject to

Subject to any guidelines that the Minister may make, and to direction by the council, a local authority meets at times determined by the local authority.

97 Convening of meetings

Meetings of a local authority are convened by the CEO.

The CEO may, at the request of the chairperson of a local authority, convene a meeting of the local authority.

A notice convening a meeting:

- (a) must be in writing; and
- (b) must state the date, time, place and agenda for the meeting; and
- (c) must be given to the local authority members within the timeframe prescribed by regulation and before the time appointed for the meeting; and
- (d) must be accessible on the council's website within the timeframe prescribed by regulation and before the time appointed for the meeting; and
- (e) must be posted on a notice board at the council's public office within the timeframe prescribed by regulation.

The notice may be given to a local authority member personally, by post, by email, by any other electronic means or in any other way arranged by the CEO with the member.

Regulation 102 of the Local Government (General) Regulations 2021 provides that the notice convening a local authority meeting must be given to members at least 3 business days before the date appointed for the meeting. The notice must also be on accessible on the council's website and posted on a notice board at the council's public office at least 3 business days before the date appointed for the meeting.

Regulation 103 of the *Local Government (General) Regulations* 2021 provides that the agenda of a local authority meeting must include any business papers to be considered at the meeting (including any business papers for confidential business). If business that deals with confidential information is to be considered at the meeting, the notice of the convening of the local authority meeting must contain a statement of that fact and the provision of the Act or the Regulations under which the information is confidential.

If it is not practicable to do so, the business papers for the meeting may not be posted with the copy of the notice posted on the notice board of the council's public office, however, the notice must contain information on how to otherwise access the business papers on the council's website. If any other papers or documents are considered at a meeting that have not been published and posted for the meeting, the papers or documents must be published on the council's website at the same time the minutes of the meeting are published under section 102(2) of the Act.

Note

Information may be suppressed from the material that is made publicly available because the information is confidential (see section 293 of the Act and regulation 51 of the Regulations).

Department of THE CHIEF MINISTER AND CABINET 20 July 2021 Page 4 of 12

98 Procedure at meeting

The chairperson of a meeting of a local authority is a member appointed by the local authority to be the chairperson of the local authority.

A quorum at a meeting of a local authority consists of a majority of its members holding office at the time of the meeting.

A local authority member who is not physically present at a meeting is taken to be present at the meeting if:

- (a) the member's attendance at the meeting by means of an audio or audiovisual conferencing system is authorised in accordance with a council resolution establishing a policy for attendance in such a manner; and
- (b) communication is established by means of the conferencing system, at or around the commencement of the meeting, between the member and the members present at the place appointed for the meeting; and
- (c) the member has the same or substantially the same opportunity to participate in debate, and to register an opinion, on questions arising for decision as if the member were physically present at the meeting.

A decision of a local authority is to be by majority vote of the members present at a meeting. Subject to the Act and any direction by the council a local authority may determine its own procedures.

99 Meetings to be open to public

A meeting of a local authority must be open to the public. A local authority meeting must be held in a place where the public may access the place for the purpose of attending the meeting (Regulation 50 of the *Local Government (General) Regulations 2021*). If all local authority members are attending a meeting by means of an audio or audiovisual conferencing system, the meeting must be accessible to the public by means of the audio or audiovisual conferencing system.

However, the public may be excluded while business of a kind prescribed by regulation as confidential business is being considered.

If the local authority considers confidential business at a meeting, the agenda for the meeting must identify the type of matter that is to be considered at the meeting.

Regulation 51 of the Local Government (General) Regulations 2021 prescribes the following as confidential:

- information about the employment of a particular individual as a member of the staff or possible member of the staff of the council that could, if publicly disclosed, cause prejudice to the individual;
- (b) information about the personal circumstances of a resident or ratepayer;
- (c) information that would, if publicly disclosed, be likely to:
 - cause commercial prejudice to, or confer an unfair commercial advantage on, any person; or
 - (ii) prejudice the maintenance or administration of the law; or
 - (iii) prejudice the security of the local authority, council, local authority members, council members or council staff; or
 - (iv) prejudice the interests of the local authority, council or some other person (but does not include information that only causes embarrassment to the council, local authority, a council member, local authority member or council staff; information that only causes loss of confidence in the local authority or council; information that only causes discussion of a matter that is controversial in the local authority area or council area; or information that only causes the local authority or council to be susceptible to adverse criticism);
- (d) information subject to an obligation of confidentiality at law, or in equity (for example information that may be subject to legal professional privilege):
- (e) information provided to the council on condition that it be kept confidential and would, if publicly disclosed, be likely to be contrary to the public interest (but does not include information that only causes embarrassment to the council, local authority, a council member, local authority member or council staff; information that only causes loss of confidence in the local authority or council; information that only causes discussion of a matter that is controversial in the local authority area or council area; or information that only causes the local authority or council to be susceptible to adverse criticism);
- (f) information in relation to a complaint of a contravention of the code of conduct (however, after the complaint has been decided, a decision notice in relation to the complaint or a report of proceedings or findings of the complaint including a summary decision is no longer confidential).

Department of THE CHIEF MINISTER AND CABINET 20 July 2021 Page 6 of 12

100 Postponement of meeting

If a quorum is not present within 30 minutes of the start time for the meeting of a local authority, the following may postpone a meeting to a time later on the same day:

- (a) the chairperson; or
- (b) if the chairperson is not present but 2 or more members are present the majority of members present; or
- (c) if the chairperson is not present and fewer than 2 members are present the CEO or a person authorised by the CEO.

If a meeting is postponed as mentioned above, the CEO must, in writing, record the fact that the meeting was postponed and the record must be:

- (a) published on the council's website; and
- (b) posted on the notice board at the council's public office.
- (c) If it is impracticable for a meeting to be postponed to a time later on the same day, the CEO may postpone the meeting for up to 21 days.

The person who postpones a meeting must ensure, as far as practicable, that each member receives notice of the postponement and of the time and place to which the meeting has been postponed.

If a meeting is postponed by the CEO to another day, the notice of the postponement and of the time and place to which the meeting has been postponed must be, within the timeframe prescribed by regulation:

- (a) published on the council's website; and
- (b) posted on the notice board at the council's public office.

Regulation 105 of the Local Government (General) Regulations 2021 provides that a notice of the postponement of a meeting and of the time and place to which the meeting has been postponed must be published on the council's website and posted on the notice board at the council's public office at least one business day within the date of the meeting being postponed. If the meeting is postponed to the following day, the notice must be published and posted at least 4 hours before the time appointed to the meeting.

101 Minutes

The CEO must ensure that proper minutes of meetings of a local authority are kept.

The minutes must be in writing and must set out:

- (i) the names of the members present at the meeting; and
- (ii) the business transacted at the meeting; and
- (iii) any confidential business that was considered at the meeting; and
- (iv) any other information required by regulation.

The minutes must include references to any written reports or recommendations considered in the course of the meeting together with information about how to obtain access to the reports or recommendations.

The local authority must, at its next meeting, or next ordinary meeting, confirm the minutes (with or without amendment), including any confidential business considered at the meeting, as a correct record of the meeting.

The minutes of a local authority must be tabled at the next meeting of the council.

The minutes of a local authority must be included in the agenda for the next ordinary meeting of the council and the council's response to those minutes must be recorded in the minutes of the meeting of the council.

The council must report back to the local authority on its response to the local authority's minutes.

Regulation 59 of the Local Government (General) Regulations 2021 provides that the minutes of a local authority meeting must include the following information:

- the date, time and place of the meeting (including the time of opening and closing the meeting);
- if the meeting is closed to the public the time or times of the closure and the reasons for the closure;
- the motions (including motions for amendments to motions) moved at the meeting and the names of the mover and seconder of each motion;
- · how the meeting deals with each motion;
- if the meeting is adjourned the date, time and place to which the meeting is adjourned;
- if any confidential business was considered at a meeting the name and position of each person who attended the meeting
- if a local authority member arrives at the meeting later than its time of opening – the time the member arrived at the meeting;
- if a local authority member departs from the meeting earlier than its time of closing – the time the member departed the meeting;
- if a local authority member departs from the meeting earlier than its time of closing and returned to the meeting – the time the member returned to the meeting.

Note

The time of the opening or closing of a meeting is the actual time of the opening or closing of the meeting, not the scheduled time of the opening or closing of the meeting.

102 Public access to minutes

A copy of the minutes of a local authority must, within 10 business days after the date of the meeting to which the minutes relate, be available to the public:

- (a) on the council's website; and
- (b) at the council's public office.

If business that deals with confidential information was considered at the meeting, the copy of the minutes available to the public must contain a statement of that fact and the provision of the Act under which the information is confidential.

Note

Information may be suppressed from the material that is made publicly available because the information is confidential (see section 293 of the Act and regulation 51 of the Regulations).

A member of the public:

- (a) may inspect without fee, at the council's public office, the copy of the minutes made available to the public; and
- (b) may, on payment of any fee fixed by the council, obtain an identical copy of the minutes;
- may, on payment of any fee fixed by the council, obtain from the CEO a certified copy of, or extract from, the minutes of a meeting.

However, until the local authority has confirmed the minutes as a correct record of the

- (a) the minutes, in the form in which the minutes are made available to the public, must be marked with a warning to the effect that the minutes have not been confirmed as a correct record of the meeting; and
- (b) no certified copy of, or extract from, the minutes is to be issued.

107 Allowance for local authority members

A local authority member is to be paid an allowance by the council to the extent that any guidelines that the Minister may make and that apply in the relevant financial year that permit the allowance to be paid.

The allowance for a local authority member is to be paid by the council in accordance with any guidelines that the Minister may make and that apply in the relevant financial year.

109 Expenses and benefits

A council may, by resolution, adopt a policy providing that local authority members are (subject to the conditions and limitations determined by the council) entitled to payment or reimbursement of reasonable expenses for travel and accommodation necessary for:

- (a) attending a local authority meeting; or
- (b) attending to business of the council in accordance with a prior resolution of the council.

114 Conflict of interest

A local authority member has a conflict of interest in a question arising for decision by the local authority if the member or an associate of the member has any of the following interests in how the question is decided:

- (a) a direct interest;
- (b) an indirect financial interest:
- (c) an indirect interest by close association;
- (d) an indirect interest due to conflicting duties.

direct interest means an interest that occurs when a member is likely to be directly affected if the matter is decided in a particular way.

Example of a direct interest

A company controlled by the member is tendering for a contract that is being discussed by the council.

indirect financial interest means an interest that occurs when a member is likely to receive a benefit or incur a loss because another person has an interest.
Example of an indirect financial interest

The member has shares in, or is employed by, a company that is tendering for a contract that is being discussed by the council.

indirect interest by close association means an interest that occurs when an associate of a member has a direct or indirect interest, or a resident of the member's household has a direct interest.

Examples of an indirect interest by close association

- The member's sibling is suing the council and the council is considering whether to settle
 the matter.
- A resident of the member's household is tendering for a contract that is being discussed by the council.

Indirect interest due to conflicting duties means an interest that occurs when a member is a director, partner, agent, trustee, manager, office holder or employee of a person or entity, including a non-profit body or association, that has a direct interest.

Examples for definition indirect interest due to conflicting duties

- The member is a director of a non-profit body or association that is seeking a sponsorship or donation being discussed by the council.
- The member is an employee of a non-profit body or association that is tendering for a contract being discussed by the council.

However, each of the following is not a conflict of interest:

- (a) an interest that the member or associate shares in common with the general public or a substantial section of the public;
- (b) an interest as an elector or ratepayer that the member or associate shares in common with other electors or ratepayers;
- (c) an interest so remote or insignificant that it could not reasonably be regarded as likely to influence a decision.

115 Disclosure of interest

As soon as practicable after a local authority member becomes aware of a conflict of interest in a matter that has arisen or is about to arise before a local authority, the member must disclose the interest that gives rise to the conflict (the relevant interest):

- (a) at a local authority meeting; and
- (b) to the CEO.

A local authority member must not:

- be present at a local authority meeting while a matter in which the member has a conflict of interest is under consideration; or
- (b) participate in any decision in relation to the matter; or
- engage in behaviour that may influence the local authority's consideration of or decision in relation to the matter.

The Minister may approve the following on any conditions the Minister considers appropriate:

- a local authority member's participation in the consideration of the matter in which the member has a conflict of interest;
- (b) a local authority member's participation in the decision in relation to the matter in which the member has a conflict of interest.

Regulation 57 of the *Local Government (General) Regulations 2021* provides that the Council CEO must maintain a register of all disclosed conflicts of interests by local authority members.

A local authority member commits an offence if the member:

- (a) intentionally engages in conduct; and
- (b) the conduct results in a failure to disclose an interest and the member is reckless in relation to the result.

Maximum penalty: 100 penalty units (\$15,700) or imprisonment for 6 months.

A local authority member commits an offence if the member:

- (a) intentionally engages in conduct; and
- (b) the conduct results in a contravention of subsection (2) or a condition of an approval in subsection (3) and the member is reckless in relation to the result.

Maximum penalty: 100 (\$15,700) penalty units or imprisonment for 6 months.

If the Northern Territory Civil and Administrative Tribunal (NTCAT) finds that a local authority member has participated in the decision of a local authority contrary to this section on conflict of interest, NTCAT may, on application by an elector or ratepayer of the local government area, declare the decision void.

119 Code of conduct to apply

The code of conduct set out in Schedule 1 of the Act governs the conduct of local authority

168(4)

The council CEO must not delegate a power or function under this Act or another Act to a local authority.

201(1) and (2)(h)

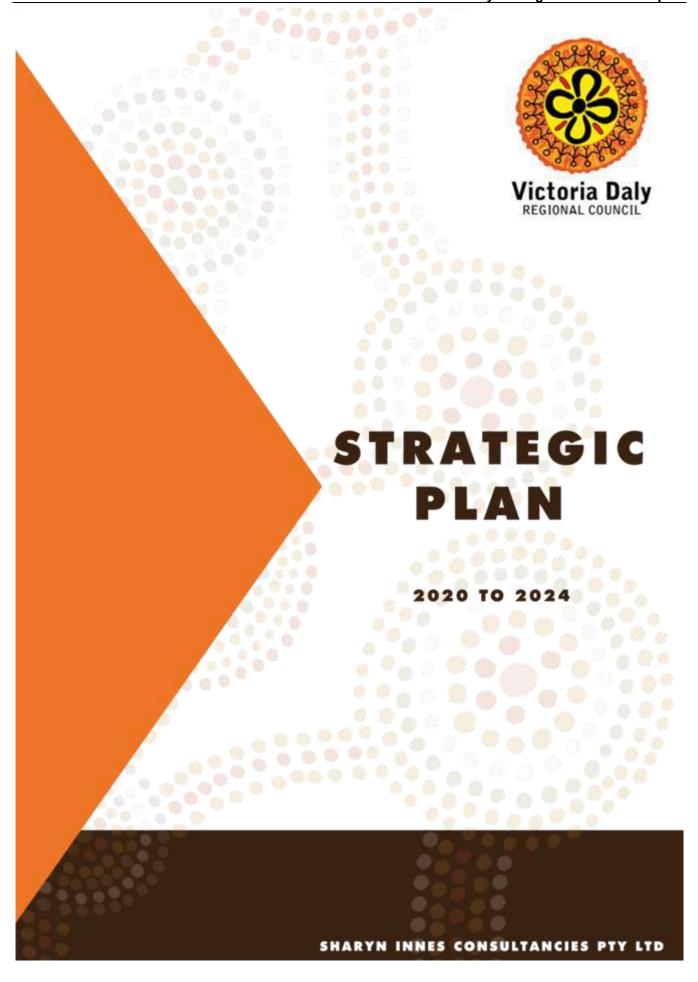
Annual budgets

A council must prepare a budget for each financial year.

The budget for a particular financial year must separately provide for a budget for each local authority established by the council (if any).

Department of THE CHIEF MINISTER AND CABINET 20 July 2021 Page 11 of 12

203(3)(ь)	Adoption of an amended budget An amended budget adopted by council must not have the effect of changing the amount of an allowance for the financial year for local authority members except in accordance with any guidelines made by the Minister.
291	Content of annual report The annual report of a council must include: an assessment of the activities of any local authority within the council's area for the relevant financial year; and
	 details in relation to any delegations of the council's functions and powers to a local authority in force for the relevant financial year; and an assessment of the council's performance of service delivery and projects for the relevant financial year, with reference to the advice and recommendations of a local authority or authorities.



CONTENTS

1 Purpose	2
2 Vision, Mission and Values/Ethics Statements	2
2.1 Vision Statement	2
2.2 Our Commitment	2
2.3 Mission Statement	2
2.4 Values and Ethics Statement	2
3 Key Objectives	2
4 Objectives, Strategies and Outcomes	3 - 8

1 PURPOSE

The primary role of a Regional Council is to ensure the delivery of local government services to regional and remote areas across the Northern Territory.

Defined by ward boundaries, Regional Councils also provide the delivery of federal and state government services and programs to the communities in which they provide a service to.

2 VISION, MISSION AND VALUES/ETHICS STATEMENTS

2.1 VISION STATEMENT

"To strengthen our region through fostering development, growth and social wellbeing"

2.2 "OUR COMMITMENT"

Moving Forward Together.

2.3 MISSION STATEMENT

We will achieve our vision through:

- · Sound governance and proactive leadership at a regional and local levels
- · Advocating on behalf of our region and its communities
- · Having a sound financial base which has at its core, a diversity of income streams
- · Investing in growing the ability and wellbeing of our staff
- Continuously improving our services, planning, ITC systems, policies and procedures
- · Having consistency in our service delivery
- Communicating effectively within the Council and external to the Council
- · Supporting community officers to enable them to deliver appropriate services into communities
- . Ensuring that we are continually addressing our environmental sustainability and waste management
- Striving towards developing and maintaining Councils assets and resources
- · Working in a united manner with all communities towards a strong, safe, healthy future
- · Providing employment opportunities and growing the local talent pool within the region
- Having inclusive engagement strategies
- · Working with environmentally sound businesses to invest in the region
- Being resilient and adaptable to future challenges

2.4 VALUES AND ETHICS STATEMENT

Our core values are fundamental to the Council and its staff. These values determine how we do business and interact with colleagues and the public.

- Respect respect for each other's opinions and ideas
- · Equality We are all equal
- Accountability being accountable for our own actions and behaviours
- Being Trustworthy and Honest being trusting and honest with one another and with our community members.
- · Culture Acknowledge and respect the cultures of our people
- Heritage we acknowledge and protect our heritage.

3 KEY OBJECTIVES

The following key objectives evolved through discussion and consensus.

OBJECTIVE ONE

Provide proactive leadership with transparent and accountable governance

OBJECTIVE TWO

Enhance the Council's financial sustainability to enable quality services and assets across the region

OBJECTIVE THREE

Grow our people through investment in training, skills recognition and developing regional opportunities for employment

OBJECTIVE FOUR

Enhance the liveability of our communities and our regional lifestyle

OBJECTIVE FIVE

Continually improve Council's assets and infrastructure through good forward planning

OBJECTIVE SIX

Improve the Council's operating systems, policies and procedures

PAGE 2

Attachment 8 - Page 51 of 75-

4. OBJECTIVES, STRATEGIES AND OUTCOMES

The following Key objectives and strategies have evolved.

1. OBJECTIVE ONE

Providing proactive leadership with transparent and accountable governance

STRATEGY

Ensure effective community leadership and representation to Council on local issues through Local Authority Committees

OUTCOMES

- · Council meetings which have clear actions
- Clear costed action plans developed and implemented by Local Authority Committees

STRATEGY

Support and train elected regional representatives

OUTCOMES

- Training Plan developed and implemented for elected members and representatives
- · Training attended to be reported in the Council's Annual Report

STRATEGY

Comply with all statutory, regulatory and reporting requirements

OUTCOMES

- · No concerns identified by relevant statutory or regulatory authorities
- Unqualified Annual Financial Statements
- All grants acquitted according to funding guidelines.

STRATEGY

Create and implement an external communications plan which informs stakeholders of Council's activities

OUTCOMES

- · External communications plan with measurement tools endorsed and funded by Council
- · Clarity in relation to stakeholders and messaging to each stakeholder group
- · Report against communications plan activities in Council meetings and the Council's Annual Report

STRATEGY

Advocate on behalf of the region to address regional disadvantage

OUTCOMES

- · Council identified priorities communicated to relevant Government, agency or organisation and
- · Outcomes of Advocacy activity reported to Council and stakeholders concerned

STRATEGY

Develop an overall responsible reporting structure to enable Council to review the implementation and success or otherwise of the Strategic Plan and its objectives

OUTCOMES

- An approved reporting structure developed and implemented
- A responsive, proactive Council and structure which is resilient and responsive to change.

4. OBJECTIVES, STRATEGIES AND OUTCOMES CONT.

000

2. OBJECTIVE TWO

Enhance the Council's financial sustainability to enable quality services and assets across the region

2. STRATEGY

Further develop and diversify the Council's Business division's contracts and activities to provide a wide range of incomes sources

OUTCOMES

- A Council approved forward looking budget developed which takes priority regional and local tasks into consideration
- Additional contracts awarded to Council resulting in improved on-ground activities in the region and at community level
- · Robust reporting of financial statements to Council against all business divisions and regional initiatives

2.2 STRATEGY

Work with key on-ground personnel to develop innovative budget solutions to minimise expenditure and maximise income streams

OUTCOMES

- · Improved utilisation of assets
- Increased income from each region by agreed targets set, in conjunction, with Council Service Managers
- Reports to Council on a quarterly basis on any new income streams initiated

2.3 STRATEGY

Improve efficiencies within the Council to minimise resource wastage

OUTCOMES

- Improved communications between business division, Council Service Managers, administration and finance
- Enhanced Corporate knowledge
- · Yearly staff survey by Council to cover staff tenure, internal communication and well being

2.4 STRATEGY

Creation of a reserve to address Council's short, medium and long-term infrastructure requirements

OUTCOMES

- Identify reserve growth target's each year and categorised medium and long-term potential investment of reserve.
- Report Reserve and identified medium and long term investment of reserve funds

4. OBJECTIVES, STRATEGIES AND OUTCOMES CONT.

3. OBJECTIVE THREE

Grow our people through investment in training, skills recognition and developing regional opportunities for employment

3.1 STRATEGY

Invest in training through the development and implementation of a comprehensive Training Plan covering all staff

OUTCOMES

- · Training Plan and yearly budget approved by Council
- Report to Council on a six-monthly basis against the target Training within the plan
- Training budget set for new Indigenous employees to maximise the potential of successful employment
- Improved staff wellbeing and competency to undertake their duties
- Report against grants received for staff training initiatives
- · Positive response to training in Yearly staff survey

STRATEGY

Review the current organisational structure to improve communications, maximise inter departmental support and to grow staff capabilities and remuneration

OUTCOMES

- Structure reviewed and approved by Council within six months
- New position descriptions developed; positions filled with appropriate remuneration levels awarded
- Feedback from yearly survey to measure staff retention and wellbeing

3.3 STRATEGY

Create and implement an internal communications and visitation plan which builds understanding between all divisions of the Council

OUTCOMES

- · Internal communications structure documented and approved by Council
- · Regional and head office visitation plan approved, costed and reported against to Council
- Yearly staff survey feedback from staff in regard to communications and visitation outcomes

3.4 STRATEGY

Grow local employment through the development and delivery of programs and contracts in communities and across the region.

OUTCOMES

- Council set percentage targets for local employment determined, accepted, monitored and achieved
- Training budget set for new Indigenous employees to maximise the potential of successful employment
- Targets reported against in annual report

4. OBJECTIVES, STRATEGIES AND OUTCOMES CONT.

. .

4. OBJECTIVE FOUR

Enhance the liveability of our communities and our regional lifestyle

4.1 STRATEGY

Delivery of quality programs which support resident's well being

OUTCOMES

- · Report to Council existing programs delivered and outcomes achieved for residents
- Report to Council on new contracts and programs being delivered and the expected outcomes for the relevant community or stakeholder group

4.9 STRATEGY

Support and or facilitation of local and regional cultural and festival events

OUTCOMES

- · Report to Council on the additional events held at the local level
- Additional grant funding received to hold events and festivals

4.8 STRATEGY

Facilitate the provision of services which improve residents' lives

OUTCOMES

Report six monthly on existing and new services delivered and determine the impact on resident's lives

4.4 STRATEGY

Be business friendly to encourage the development of business and industry investment into the region

OUTCOMES

- Procedures and systems in place and active which enable quality feedback to potential investors or new businesses
- Relevant information available to potential businesses and investments
- Council to be consulted on new developments in the region prior to Development Consent Authority Approval.

4.5 STRATEGY

Enhance the local sport and recreational environment within each community

OUTCOMES

- Each community to have a Council approved, costed Sport and Recreation Master Plan within 18 months with key milestone dates for development
- Report to Council on a six-monthly basis the additional grant funding gained for the facilities in each community.

4. OBJECTIVES, STRATEGIES AND OUTCOMES CONT.

5. OBJECTIVE FIVE

Continually improve Council's assets and infrastructure through good forward planning

5.1 STRATEGY

Develop and implement an Asset Maintenance and Replacement Program

OUTCOMES

- Approval of a costed Asset Maintenance and Replacement Program with key milestones indicated.
- Report to Council on a six-monthly basis in regard to implementation and grant funding achieved.

STRATEGY

Identify, plan and implement a comprehensive ITC Plan

OUTCOMES

- · Approval of a costed ITC with key milestones within six months of approval of the strategic plan
- Report to Council on a six-monthly basis in regard to implementation and grant funding achieved.

5.8 STRATEGY

Create and implement a structured vehicle and plant replacement program

OUTCOMES

- Approval of a costed vehicle fleet and plant replacement program with key milestones within six months
 of approval of the strategic plan. Plan to cover a period of 10 years
- . Report to Council on a six-monthly basis in regard to implementation and grant funding achieved.

5.4 STRATEGY

Develop and implement an Environmental Plan which will minimise Council's foot print and maximise recycling apportunities

OUTCOMES

- A living five-year staged Environmental Plan costed with milestones and approved by Council within 12 months
- · Report on Council on a six-monthly basis in regard to the implementation of the Plan
- · Report to Council on new viable recycling which has occurred in each community

5.5 STRATEGY

Maximise grant income through targeting critical initiatives within the plans

OUTCOMES

- Key employees skilled up to maximise grant funding opportunities
- Council registered with a wide range of sites to maximise awareness of small to medium size grant opportunities
- Report to Council on a three-monthly basis of grant funding generated and acquitted.

4. OBJECTIVES, STRATEGIES AND OUTCOMES CONT.

6. OBJECTIVE SIX

Improve the operating systems, policies and procedures

6.1 STRATEGY

Review all policies and procedures to ensure compliance and consistency of implementation within 12 months

OUTCOMES

- · Specialist engaged to ensure compliance
- Induction Manual redeveloped to enable all staff to understanding policies and procedures.
- · Ongoing training of staff to ensure consistency of applications
- Improved payroll (online system) similar to NTG MyGov.

6.2 STRATEGY

Overhaul the Council's Knowledge Management system to assist in improving staff efficiency and access to records within 12 months

OUTCOMES

- Scope of work clarified, approved by Council and person engaged to redevelop the Knowledge Management system
- · Training manual developed and implement through quality training for all staff.
- All software and hardware manuals centralised and on-line
- Ability to access standard documents, reports, plans and corporate information improved dramatically improving efficiency of the Council and well-being of staff

6.3 STRATEGY

Upgrade software and hardware to improve work efficiency within 18 months

OUTCOMES

- · Staff requirements built into ITC system
- Training on software and hardware included in Training Plan



VICTORIA DALY REGIONAL COUNCIL DALY RIVER LOCAL AUTHORITY OF 09 MARCH 2022 Report for Agenda Item No 11.2.1

Daly River Local Authority Financial Report Prepared by Jackson Bernard, Senior Accountant

PURPOSE

This report presents a current financial report of actual results against the latest approved budget for the local authority area and an update on Local Authority Project Funding for Daly River Local Authority.

REGIONAL PLAN

Goal 2: Financial Sustainability

Goal 6: Liveability

COUNCIL OFFICER CONFLICT OF INTEREST DECLARATION

We the Author and Approving Officer declare we do not have a conflict of interest in relation to this matter.

RECOMMENDATIONS

That the Daly River Local Authority:

A. Receive and note this report.

Attachments

1 Nauiyu Finance Report Period Ending 31-12-2022.pdf

Victoria Daly Regional Council Income and Expenditure For the period ended on 31-Dec-2021

Nauiyu



	Year To D			
Description	Actual	Budget	Variance	Annual Budget
Income				
Grants and Subsidies	0	43,600	(43,600)	43,600
Contract Income	44,495	0	44,495	0
Fees and Charges	13,774	14,939	(1,164)	29,878
Other Current Income	108,845	113,132	(4,287)	226,264
Total Income	167,115	171,671	(4,556)	299,741
Expenditure				
Employees	470,729	639,347	168,618	1,278,694
Councillor and LA Expenses	1,382	2,250	868	4,500
Materials and Contracts	149,097	223,723	74,626	447,445
Depreciation	1,328	1,716	388	3,432

NT Government has not released LA funding for this current year.
Revenue received for Airport
Maintenance works. No budget was allocated for this revenue

Underspend is due to vacant positions

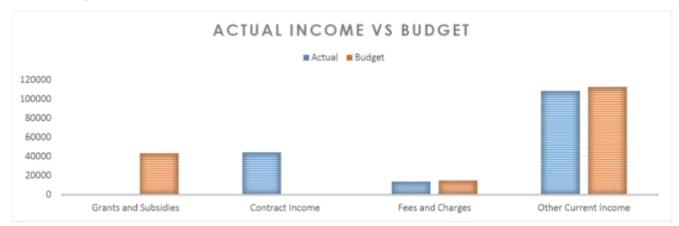
Underspend relates to \$100,000 allocated to waste management upgrade to be carried during the financial year. The work is ongoing

Surplus (Deficit) For the period	(725,354)	(1,004,590)	(288,347)	(2,052,780)
Total Expenses and Allocations	892,469	1,176,261	283,791	2,352,522
Allocated Expenses/(Income)	178,890	197,330	18,440	394,659
Finance Charges	50	71	21	143
Other Operating Expenses	9,157	22,120	12,963	44,240
Utility and Communication Expenses	44,646	50,146	5,500	100,292
Fleet and Plant Expenses	37,190	39,558	2,368	79,117

Underspend is due training budget of \$10,000.00 only \$950 has been spent.

Income

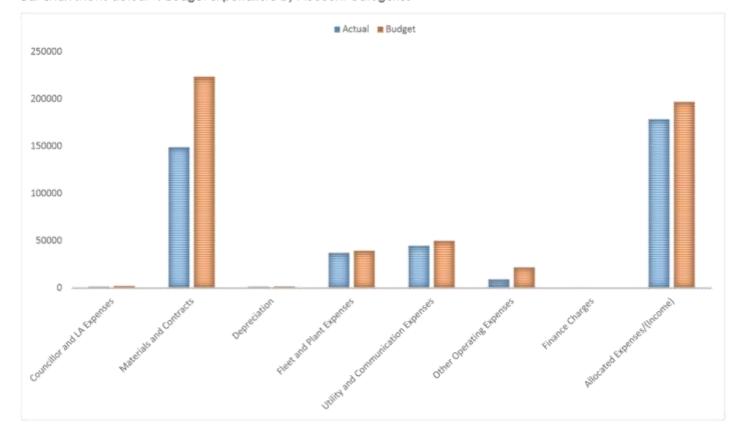
During the first half of financial, council received \$167,115 which was \$4556 less than budgeted \$171,671. NTG has not yet release LA funding for this financial year as at 28/02/2022

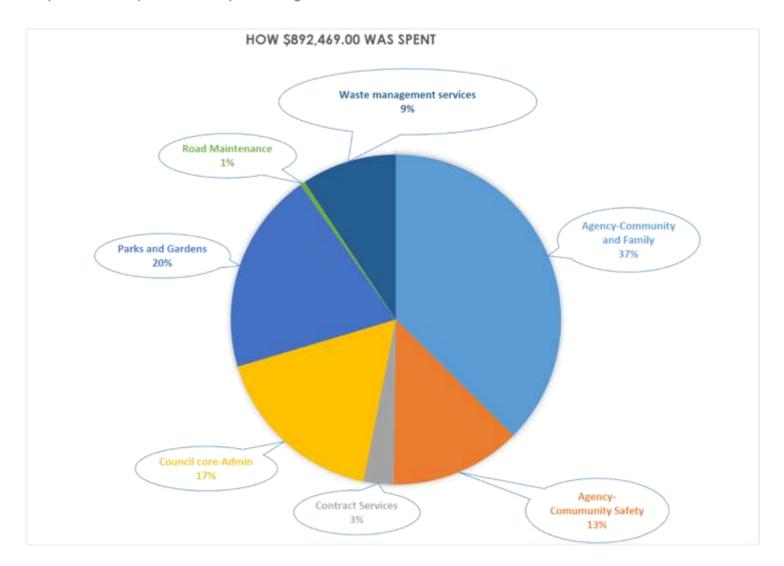


Expenditure

Council have spent \$892,469 in total. This has resulted underspend of \$283,791. the major contributor are vacant positions in Nauiyu, waste management upgrade (ongoing) and less training expenses than expected.

Bar chart shows actual vs budget expenditure by Account Categories





LA Reporting

Fund Carried forward from last financial year	58,486
Funds expected to be received this financial year	43,600
	93,802
Funds allocated to Project	-88,439
Funds available for future projects	5,363

Note: As of 01/03/2022, Council has not receive LA funds for current year from NTG Government.

Project ID	Project Name	Resolution passed on	Budget amount	Actual Amount	Status
1904-087/20LB087	Aged Care Client Activities		2,121	879	Remains open
1904-088/20LB088	Youth Engagement fund for events and activities		18,317	1,683	Remains open
2104-131/20LB111	Solar lights in two locations		15,000	12,799	To be finalised
2106-134/20LB112	LED street light repairs		16,000	13,510	To be finalised
2106-135	Half hard roof shade at Nauiyu Pool		37,000	•	Await confirmation of funds - 2021/22 allocation
			88,439	28,871	



VICTORIA DALY REGIONAL COUNCIL DALY RIVER LOCAL AUTHORITY OF 09 MARCH 2022 Report for Agenda Item No 11.3.1

Nauiyu Community Report Prepared by Pat Hollowood, Council Operations Manager -Nauiyu

Visitors

John Milikins Guy Watanato (2)

Carol Muzyk, Alex Clift, Luke Zanatta

Philip Bowden Neil Logan

Chris Lam, Kip Frawley & team

Stephen Cutter and team

Fred Masters, Phoebe Houghton

Shaun Cadd Gerry Breen Chris Bursle Charlie Maillis

Douglas Beary, Brett Stevens (2)

BAI Communications

GHD

CatholicCareNT VTG Waste

NAAJA

Ark Animal Hospital Dept. of Social Services Miriam Rose Foundation

NTEX Patow NT Repairs

VTG

Events and Activities

- The Remote Alcohol and Other Drugs team were at Nauiyu week commencing 29 November and engaged with community at the Sport and Rec hall with a BBQ and other activities.
- Merrepen Arts conducted "En Pleine Air" outside painting workshop on 7-8 December.
- St Francis Xavier School conducted their Christmas Party/Concert on the evening of 14 December.
- A Police Expo was held at the Sport and Rec hall on 16 December which included horses, waterslide and BBQ.

Meetings

- A Service Providers meeting was held on 8 December 2021.
- A Multi Agency Community and Child Safety meeting was held following the Service Providers meeting.

Community Issues

- Broadcast Australia attended at Nauiyu on 15/11/2021 to repair a noisy compressor in the communications room (TV/Radio).
- The community Covid-19 response moved further into gear in mid-November with the NT Lockdowns and face masks mandates. The general response has been positive among community members although confusion occurs from time to time with some people.

- A two hour planned power outage took place on 18 November affecting most of Nauiyu community.
- Covid-19 vaccinations were available at the Health Centre on 22-23 November. Boosters were available on 22-23 December. Child vaccinations will be available 24-25 January.
- Murin Association have taken over the Thursday mail delivery which had been operated by Nighthawk Transport for many years. The Murin bus arrives around 12:30pm on a Thursday and mail is sorted which is generally ready for collection later in the afternoon.
- As Nauiyu is under 80% vaccination rate for 5 years and over DIPL arranged for signs to be erected at Nauiyu on 23 December advising the area was for residents and essential workers only. This has resulted in greatly reduced visitation to the community.
- The Nauiyu Store managers, here since October 2020, left community on 31/12/2021 with a relief manager currently in place. The store was unlawfully entered on 9 January.
- A new General Manager commenced employment with Green River Aboriginal Corporation (GRAC) on 10 January.
- A Territory Housing team were at Nauiyu week commencing 17 January.

Staffing

- Some staff were affected by Covid exposure sites in mid-November and isolated until a negative test was received.
- Council Operations Assistant Manager successfully completed her six month Probation Review on 7 December.
- Council Operations Team Leader interview was held on 8 December 2021.
 The Acting Team Leader was successful with his application for the permanent position.
- Some staff took leave over the Christmas/New Year period with appropriate measures taken to ensure operations continued as required.

Administration

A staff Christmas lunch was held on 17 December in the Boardroom.

Projects

 The demolition by NTEX of two burned Nauiyu houses took place in December. Some material was temporarily deposited at the dump – all appropriate checks and balances were provided to Council beforehand. The contractor conducted appropriate clean-up at the dump following the removal of material at the end of the project.

Core/Infrastructure Services

Public and Street Lighting

A street light audit was conducted and information passed to the electrical installer of lights to investigate why a number of new LED's are not working properly. The parts were sent back to place of manufacture in China and it was discovered that tiny ants had gotten into the capacitor which caused a short circuit. The specified sensor for outback conditions will now be upgraded by the supplier which should fix this problem. The supplier is providing product support with improved sensors. Further discussion to take place with contractor regarding this upgrade.

Local Emergency Management

 The Local Emergency Management team was on stand-by for the potential impact of Cyclone Tiffany at Daly River in January 2022. The situation eased and emergency action was not required.

Maintenance Buildings and Fixed Assets

Lot 45 staff house requires repairs following tenant vacating premises.
 Quotes have been obtained and required work will be conducted. The premises was unlawfully entered between Christmas/New Year period. This was reported to police and repairs will be undertaken by landlord.

Cemetery Assistance

- Mowing maintenance regular conducted at Five Mile Cemetery during the wet season.
- Due to compaction a recent grave required additional dirt to be provided.

Animal Welfare and Control

Ark Animal Hospital vets attended at Daly River on 24 November. This
project was funded by the Daly River Local Authority.

Local Road Maintenance

Ezystreet road maintenance took place November and mid-January.

Waste Management

- GHD consultants visited our dump site in mid-November as part of the Waste Management Project currently being conducted by VDRC.
- Due to ongoing issues with our garbage truck Cleanaway contractors were required at Daly River for rubbish collection on 18 November, 23 and 31 December 2021 and 7 January 2022. Our garbage truck is now back in community and operating its regular services.

Plant and Equipment

- COM vehicle which required repairs in Katherine was returned to Nauiyu on 8
 December. Further minor repair is still required, this being observed after
 initial repair was completed.
- Our mechanic continues to maintain our plant and vehicles as required which goes a long way towards the longevity of our aging machines.

Airport Maintenance

- DIPL have approved work to install solar lights at the airstrip main apron.
- Mid-apron culvert contractor has advised this project has been re-scheduled to around April 2022.
- Seasonal slashing inside the perimeter was conducted in December and January with outside perimeter slashing in January.
- The wet season requires more maintenance on the airstrip with slashing and weed spraying and this has taken place as required.

Council Works / Parks and Gardens

- Airstrip playground had fresh sand replaced on 30 November.
- Weed spraying around community has taken place
- Regular mowing around community takes place at this time of year.

Wooliana Outstation

- Our mechanic has provided maintenance on the outstation tractor.
- Contractor required scissor lift to repair roof leak at one of the houses with other minor work conducted at this time.

Community Services

Australia Post

 Reduced delivery of expected postal items before Christmas was evident due to the disruptions caused by Covid-19 and staff shortages throughout the global delivery network.

Centrelink

- A bi-annual review was conducted on 10 December with Centrelink.
- Our new part time Centrelink Agent commenced employment on 14 December and is settling in well.

Recommendation

A. That this report is received and noted

Attachments



MINUTES DALY RIVER LOCAL AUTHORITY MEETING WEDNESDAY, 3 NOVEMBER 2021 12:30PM

VDRC BOARDROOM LOT 124



VICTORIA DALY REGIONAL COUNCIL DISCLAIMER

No responsibility is implied or accepted by the Victoria Daly Regional Council for any act, omission or statement or intimation occurring during Council or committee meetings.

The Victoria Daly Regional Council disclaims any liability for any loss whatsoever and howsoever caused arising out of reliance by any person or legal entity on any such act, omission or statement or intimation occurring during Council or committee meetings.

Any person or legal entity who acts or fails to act in reliance upon any statement, act or omission made in a Council or committee meeting does so at that person's or legal entity's own risk.

In particular and without detracting in any way from the broad disclaimer above, in any discussion regarding any planning application or application for a licence, any statement or intimation of approval made by any member or officer of the Victoria Daly Regional Council during the Course of any meeting is not intended to be and is not taken as notice of approval from the Victoria Daly Regional Council.

The Victoria Daly Regional Council advises that anyone who has any application lodged with the Victoria Daly Regional Council shall obtain and should only rely on **WRITTEN CONFIRMATION** of the outcome of the application, and any conditions attaching to the decision made by the Victoria Daly Regional Council in respect of the application.

Russell Anderson

Chief Executive Officer



MINUTES

DALY RIVER LOCAL AUTHORITY MEETING WEDNESDAY, 3 NOVEMBER 2021

12:30PM

VDRC BOARDROOM LOT 124

1 MEETING OPEN

The meeting commenced, the time being: 12:41

2 WELCOME

"We acknowledge traditional owners, past and present, of the land on which we meet"

3 ATTENDANCE AND APOLOGIES

3.1 Attendance: Chairperson Peter Hollowood

Members Peter Moyle, Mark Mullins, Nicole Salzgebber,

Brian Muir, Pat Hollowood and Robert Austral.

3.2 Apologies : Rob Lindsay and Cr. Andrew McTaggart

VDRC Guests: Michelle Will – Manager of Executive Services (via Zoom)

Matthew Cheminant – Director of Council Operations (via Zoom)

Minute Taker: Ingrid Schreiner

4 DISCLOSURE OF INTEREST

NIL

5 RESIGNATIONS, TERMINATIONS AND NOMINATIONS

5.1 Resignations: Rob Lindsay

5.2 Terminations: NIL

5.3 Nominations: John Bonson – Received Paperwork

Discussion ensued in regards to New Local Authority Policy including process for new nominations. If a vacancy exists there will be a 21 day advertising period for all members of community to be aware and have an opportunity to apply. This will then be presented at next meeting for endorsment .



5.1.1 Motion: Local Authority Accepts Resignation from Robert Lindsay

Motion: Local Authority accept resignation from Robert Lindsay

Moved: Local Authority Member Pat Hollowood Seconded: Local Authority Member Brian Muir

Resolution: Carried

6 CALL FOR ITEMS OF GENERAL BUSINESS

- **6.1** Vet Visit on 24th November
- 6.2 Road Signs in Nauiyu
- 6.3 Garage Workshop in Nauiyu

7 INVITATION FOR DEPUTATIONS TO PRESENT/SPEAK

Nil

8 CONFIRMATION OF PREVIOUS MINUTES

8.1 Confirmation of Previous Minutes

MOTION:

That the Daly River Local Authority:

- A. Receive and note this report.
- **B.** Accept the minutes from the Daly River Local Authority meeting on 9 June 2021 as a true record of the meeting
- C. Accept the minutes from the Daly River Local Authority meeting on 4 August 2021 as a true record of the meeting

Council Resolution

Moved: Local Authority Member Nicole Salzgeber **Seconded:** Local Authority Member Mark Mullins

Resolution: Carried

9 INCOMING AND OUTGOING CORRESPONDENCE

Nil



10 BUSINESS ARISING FORM PREVIOUS MINUTES

- **10.1** Community Operations Manager provided update on projects
 - Solar Lights installation at the back of Admin Office and 'Casey Corner' will commence 17th of November
 - LED streetlight maintenance has been completed Lights have been replaced.
 Discussion on Rec Hall Lighting ensued with GRAC.
- **10.2** Pool shade cover for half hard roof shade structure at the pool. Discussion on the process to transfer funds to GRAC Manager of Executive Services will follow up. Council has noted the owner of asset will be responsible for ongoing maintenance.

11 REPORTS

11.1 LocalAuthority Reports

Discussion took place about the "NT Strategic Water Plan Directions Paper" and all agreed this is an important issue which will have a direct affect on all community members in and around Daly River affecting our lifestyle if water is affected adversely.

DRLA to submit letter of concern to Council for submission. Concluded to encourage members of community to write their own letters before 4th February deadline. GRAC agreed to get involved via various means including submitting letter and to encourage members of public to write and to also address water issue awareness via media and social media, etc.

11.1.1 NT Strategic Water Plan Directions Paper

MOTION:

That the Daly River Local Authority:

A. Receive and note this report.

Provide feedback to Regional Office in writing to be included in Council's submission regarding the NT Strategic Water Plan.

Motion

Moved: Local Authority Member Pat Hollowood
Seconded: Local Authority Member Nicole Salzgeber

Resolution: Carried

11.2 Finance Reports

Council Operations Manager (COM) gave an overview on Finance Report reported an underspend for the quarter.

Peter Moyle raised the question – How much of underspend for Fleet and Equipment, went back to Council to specifically upgrade Nauiyu's outdated fleet and equipment? He also raised concerns for Occupational Health and Safety in regard to outdated equipment.



Director of Council Operations responded that VDRC are currently in the process of 'redoing' entire fleet particularly for OHS reasons.

COM concluded we have approximatley \$18,000 to spend.

11.2.1 Daly River Local Authority Financial Report

MOTION:

That the Daly River Local Authority:

A. Receive and note this report.

Moved: Local Authority Member Peter Moyle
Seconded: Local Authority Member Nicole Salzgeber

Resolution: Carried

11.3 Council Service Manager's Reports

Questions from Chair, "Is Covid Check App in use?" Answer: Yes

The question was raised on when will garbage truck be back in use. COM advised that we are currently awaiting parts to complete repairs. In the meantime a contractor has been conducting weekly rubbish collection.

A new fence has been erected near the tip-face. Discusion on dump ensued regarding Longterm Viability Of Dump and potential Waste Transfer Station and a local recycling program.

11.3.1 Nauiyu Community Report

MOTION:

That the Daly River Local Authority:

A. Receive and note this report.

Moved: Local Authority Member Peter Moyle **Seconded:** Local Authority Member Mark Mullins

Resolution: Carried

11.4 Governance Reports

Manager of Executive Services spoke of Draft Local Authority policy and requested any feedback about the changes and new requirements.

11.4.1 Draft Local Authority Policy 1.1.10

MOTION:

That the Daly River Local Authority:

- **A.** Receive and note this report.
- B. Submit feedback discussed at the meeting regarding the



Local Authority Policy (1.1.10)

Moved: Local Authority Member Pat Hollowood
Seconded: Local Authority Member Nicole Salzgebber

Resolution: Carried

12 QUESTIONS FROM THE PUBLIC

Nil

13 GENERAL BUSINESS

13.1 Bi Annual Veterinary Service to Daly River

MOTION:

That the Daly River Local Authority approve the expenditure of up to \$3000 for the bi- annual veterinary service to Daly River

Moved: Local Authority Member Peter Moyle Seconded: Local Authority Member Brian Muir

Resolution: Carried

13.2 Road Signs in Nauiyu

Discussion in regard whether or not any further road signs were required in Nauiyu. Concluded further new signs required.

- **13.3** Mechanical Workshop in Nauiyu GRAC stated that unfortunately it is not a priority at this stage however a garage workshop is on their list of issues to be addressed in the future.
- **13.4** Wet Season Skip Bin The success of last wet season skip bin was discussed and all agreed to deal with same contractor as last year.

13.4.1 Council Resolution for Funding for Waste skip bin

MOTION:

For funding for up to \$5000 for waste skip bins for wet season flood waste management.

Moved: Local Authority Member Mark Mullins **Seconded:** Local Authority Member Robert Austral

Resolution: Carried

13.5 Peter Moyle gave update on community unrest and subsequent damage. Furniture has



14

CLOSED SESSION

VICTORIA DALY REGIONAL COUNCIL Minutes for DALY RIVER LOCAL AUTHORITY MEETING WEDNESDAY, 3 NOVEMBER 2021

been provided to families in need and some families have been relocated to Darwin. Peter has been working with Police on the matter.

NIL		
15	NEXT MEETING	
WED	DNESDAY 2 FEBRUARY 2022	
16	MEETING CLOSE	
The	meeting terminated at 2:15 pm .	
This page and the preceding 7 pages are the Minutes of the Meeting of Daly River Local Authority held on Wednesday, 3 November 2021.		
	Mr Peter Hollowood	